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GETS 7 TO 8 YRS. IN PEN FOR IMMORAL PRACTICES

Middle-Aged Man Severely Punished After Admitting Acts.

SCORED BY THE COURT

Three offenders against the law fared badly before Judge Quigley last Friday morning, chief among them being George McElhattan, of Bellefonte, a middle-aged man, who was sentenced to the Western Penitentiary for two terms aggregating not les than 7 or more than 8 years for immoral practices with two little girls from State College. Mabel Emil, of Bellefonte, was sentenced to three months in the county jail for larceny. Clarence Gross, 19 years old, of State College, charged with stealing clothing from a fraternity house at that place, had sentence suspended pending disposition of a charge of desertion from the United States Army. All three persons had entered pleas of guilty, rendering jury trials unnecessary. McElhattan was taken to the penitentiary on Saturday morning. Robert Irvin, of State College, implicated in a charge similar to that to which McElhattan plead guilty, has retained counsel and will be up for trial the last week of the month. He is in jail under $1000 bail.

Before sentencing McElhattan Judge Quigley reiterated his declaration when he recently sentenced Fred Bohn to the penitentiary for rape, that "if our Courts cannot protect our young girls they might as well close." He voiced surprise to find McElhattan before hm on such charges and stated that since the revelations made in juvenile court by Anna and Mary Long he had learned of similar practices indulged in by the prisoner with little girls in Bellefonte. He then passed sentence of 3½ to 4 years on each of two charges, to run concurrently.

"That's pretty severe," said McElhattan.

"Yes, it is severe, but it is necessary to be severe with men like you who are guilty of such practices. I am surprised, and regret, to find you here on such charges, and surprised also to learn on accredited authority that you indulged in such practices with little girls in Bellefonte even before you went to State College. The Court must be severe in such matters for the protection of our young girls. As we stated recently, if we can't protect our young girls we might just as well close our Courts."

McElhattan argued that the Long girls had not been enticed by him but had visited him of their own free will. He further declared that the indictments to which he had entered pleas of guilty charged more than he had done. Questioned by Judge Quigley, McElhattan gave his version of the matter, his statement being of a character unfit for publication.

Mabel Emil, after entering her plea of guilty of women's wearing apparel from a local hotel, said she was the mother of a 4 years old child, that she was divorced from her husband whose name is Shawley, and undertook to defend herself by saying that another man had prompted her to take the articles in question. Judge Quigley said he was heartily weary of the frequent appearance of the Emils in the Centre County Courts and bluntly sentenced Mabel to three months in jail.

When Clarence Gross was directed to stand up for sentence he wore the uniform of the regular army, notwithstanding the fact that he walked away from West Point without leave on August 3rd. Gross had only enlisted on May 6th, last, so that his period of service was comparatively brief. He said he fully intended returning to his regiment but was arrested just the day he expected to start back. He offered no excuse for taking the clothing at State College. He admitted having been in trouble before, saying that he had been sent to Glen Mills in December, 1915, and that he served one year and seven months there. Judge Quigley explained to the young man that he would probably be sent to the Leavenworth penitentiary for desertion and that until it could be learned just how severely he would be punished on that charge sentence would be suspended here.

"The truth of the matter is," said Judge Quigley to Gross, "that you are in a peck of trouble. At the rate you have been going you are only a few steps off from landing at the execution chamber at the penitentiary. Why do you commit these crimes, anyhow?"

District Attorney Furst had previously explained to the Court that some persons believed Gross to be a kleptomaniac. The young man is rather tall, erect, well built and in his uniform presents a really striking appearance. When asked by the Court why he turned from one act of larceny to another, without even displaying cleverness in his crimes, Gross dropped his eyes and seemingly was unable to offer any explanation.

BELLEFONTE WOMEN LEAD

Registration in Borough Shows 81 More Than Number of Male Voters.

Of course they won't, but if all the women of Bellefonte who have been registered lined up solidly against the men they could lick the stuffin' out of the latter on any kind of a proposition at the polls on November 2nd. For the women registered in Bellefonte outnumbered the men exactly 81. The registration in the borough follows: Women, 1290; men, 1209.

State College Borough runs away ahead of Bellefonte in the division of the male and female registered vote. There the registration of women is 785, while the number of men registered is but 607. According to registration the women lead the men by 178. In the Third Ward of Philipsburg the women lead in registration by 2, the total being 369 to 367.

In Bellefonte the women are ahead of the men in only the North Ward, where they lead by 102, but this margin wipes out the majority for the men of 8 in the South and 13 in the West Ward and leaves a surplus of 81. In the North Ward the vote was: women, 636; men, 534. In the South Ward it was men, 505; women, 497, while in the West Ward, it was: men, 170; women, 157.

In the townships throughout the county the registration either broke even as a rule or showed small majorities for the men.

When the vote is counted it will probably be found that the vote of the men leads that of the women at least two, and possibly three, to one, for the simple reason that many women have not yet become sufficiently interested in their new prerogative to go to the trouble of visiting the polls and marking the unusually large and more or less complicated ballot that attends a presidential election. For instance, there will be seven parties on the ballot with squares for straight-ticket voting, each of the seven having groups of presidential electors and most of the seven having candidates for various State offices. Then in addition there will be printed on the ballot eight separate and distinct proposed amendments to the State constitution upon which the women will be privileged to vote "yes" or "no." Just how large the ballot will be cannot be determined definitely at this time, but it will probably be somewhere about 30 inches wide and 22 inches deep.

The compilation of the women's registration by election districts has not been completed. The figures available, with upward of a half dozen districts not included, show the registration of men to be somewhere about 350 greater in the county than that of the women.

COAL MINER KILLED.

Shot from Ambush, While Driving Home, by Unknown Person.

A mysterious shooting affair is claiming the attention of Clearfield county authorities, Ole Johnson, a coal miner, having been shot and fatally wounded while driving to his home at Janesville last week.

Johnson was a miner in the Mountz coal mines and was driving home after finishing his work on Wednesday afternoon. The first intimation that he had been shot was when he reached his home (the horse having gone home itself) and he regained consciousness long enough to tell of how he was shot in the right side and from the back, his horse also being shot, as they were traveling along the highway between Janesville and Ginter. The shot was fired by an unknown party and no clues were left for the authorities to work on.

The injured miner was removed to Cottage State hospital in Philipsburg and died Thursday morning. He was 36 years of age and leaves a wife and seven children. No reason could be given for the shooting but he lives in a section where there has been ill feeling on account of a strike and lockout at the Mountz mine some months ago.

Jodon Family Reunion.

The first family reunion of the Jodon families was held on Labor Day at Laurel Run hunting camp in the Seven mountains. There were 57 present and it was decided to make it an annual event, the outing to be held on the third Thursday of June each year. Officers were elected as follows: President Van Jodon, of Bellefonte; Vice-President Miss Flora Jodon, of Forest Hill; Secretary William Swarm, of Millheim; Treasurer Edgar Jodon, of Bellefonte.

SCHOOL TAX HERE $806 NOT IN 1920 BUT 1850

Pamplet Found Gives Duplicate for Bellefonte 70 Years Ago.

IS $41,468 THIS YEAR

A little hand-written pamphlet furnishing an interesting side-light on Bellefonte of exactly seventy years ago was recently handed to The Republican by John Lambert, a member of the contracting firm of Gehret and Lambert. It is the school tax duplicate of Bellefonte for the year 1850, written out in long-hand, giving the names of property owners and also tenants and the amount of their taxes for that year. The pamphlet, which is in as really good condition as when it was prepared seventy years ago, was found by Mr. Lambert's workmen in the old Pruner orphanage building while making repairs. We have submitted the interesting pages to several of the older citizens of Bellefonte who, after running over the list of names therein contains, said that they were unable to discover a single one of a resident of 1850 who is living today.

In some future issue of The Republican we shall publish a reminiscent story recalling some of the citizens of seventy years ago and something of their activities, where they resided, etc. The mere mention of their names will in itself be especially interesting to and refresh the memories of many persons here and elsewhere, particularly our older residents.

By way of contrast, it might be explained that the total school tax levy for Bellefonte Borough in 1850 was $806.95, whereas for the present year, 1920, the school tax duplicate for the borough amounts to $41,468.66. Since 1850 Bellefonte Boro. has lived seventy years and its school tax has become more than fifty times larger. Just what the rate of millage was levied for school tax in the borough seventy years ago the pamphlet does not show. For 1920, however, it is 21 mills, an increase of 3 mills over the year 1919 when the school tax levy amounted to $32,556.63. The levy for 1920 for schools in the borough is $8,912.03 greater than last year.

When taxpayers in Bellefonte receive their tax statements in the mails, they will find a surprise awaiting them in the discovery that the time honored $1 minimum for occupation tax has been boosted to $5 by the School Board, the income derived from this tax being applied to school purposes. That is, each and every taxpayer in the borough is assessed $5, at least, for an occupation tax. A limited number, such as bankers, lawyers, etc., will have to pay considerably more than $5 occupation tax, but no one will escape for less than $5.

Since women have been accorded the constitutional right to vote they are placed on exactly the same plane with men not only as voters but taxpayers. Women will not be required to pay the $5 minimum occupation tax this year in order to vote, since a special county tax of 15 cents has been levied for that purpose, but beginning with next year they become subject to the same tax requirements as are the men. And that whether the women vote or not. They will be assessed just the same and the tax statements will reach them through the mails with most surprising regularity. It may be interesting to women in general to learn that they may be sent to jail for failure or refusal to pay tax. If we are correctly informed on the subject, this is the only form of debt for which persons may be imprisoned. It may comfort the women to learn that most tax collectors manage to find some way out of delicate situations, but there have been a number of cases where delinquents were given a limited number of hours in which to pay up or go to jail.

The late Squire Musser, of Bellefonte, on one occasion at least issued such an ultimatum. He had been given the task of collecting the taxes for Milesburg Borough, together with the unpleasant job of cleaning up the list of all delinquents. One day he had before him several delinquents who bluntly refused to pay. "All right," said the Squire, and turning to his constable he continued, "take them up to jail." Needless to explain, the delinquents paid up.

It is an old but true saying that the only two things sure to turn up in this world are "death and taxes." Heretofore, women have not been bothered with the latter, unless they happened to be property owners.

Read The Republican $1.50 a year in advance.

CAR PLUNGES INTO DEEP RAVINE BY FOREST ROAD

Lock Haven Motorists Have Narrow Escape Near Lemont.

SERIES OF ACCIDENTS

The last of a series of mishaps that befell a party motoring from New York City to Lock Haven during the weekend occurred Saturday evening when the car in which they were making the journey plunged into a ravine as the party reached a curve on a stretch of road near Lemont.

The party was composed of Mrs. A. M. Cavallaro, of New York City; her nieces Miss Margaret Zindel and Miss Nancy Myers, of Lock Haven, and Mr. and Mrs. Lester Ziudel and little daughter, of Philadelphia. They were enroute to the home of P. A. Zindel, of Lock Haven, and were making the trip in a new Oldsmobile limousine.

Mrs. Cavallaro was driving the car and left New York City on Friday morning. Shortly before noon she reached Philadelphia where Mr. and Mrs. Zindel and daughter joined the party. As they neared Middletown, this side of Harrisburg, they met head-on with another car. They escaped injury but were forced to remain in Middletown for the night while the car was being repaired. Saturday morning the journey was resumed and the trip was delayed on account of making many detours. It seemed their motor troubles were over and all was well when the steering wheel suddenly locked as they were coming down a mountain road near Lemont and the car got beyond control and plunged into the ravine being stopped about 25 feet from the road when it struck a strong sapling that bent under the terrific bump but stood the strain. The party was fortunate again in escaping serious injury but the pretty car was badly wrecked. A party traveling the same road and a few feet back of the limousine, hurried to their assistance and forgot to put on their brakes. As a result their car also plunged into the ravine and was considerably damaged.

Mrs. Cavallaro and her party were attended by a State College physician and, since their injuries consisted mostly of bruises and shock, they were able to continue their journey to Mr. Zindel's on Sunday evening and were taken to Lock Haven in a State College car.

AIR MAIL SERVICE TO FRISCO.

Start Trans-Continental Trips on Tuesday Morning.

The trans-continental air mail service, under contemplation for some time, was started with fair success on Tuesday morning. The path finding flights made last month were a success in every way and there is little doubt the new venture will be carried through and improved from time to time.

In the establishment of this service it has been planned that flights from New York City to Cleveland and vice versa should be made in single, non-stop flights. This attempt has not been very successful so far and among those who have been close observers of the service it is generally conceded it is too big a jump and will eventually be abandoned and the apparently better method of using Bellefonte field as a landing place for gas and oil and emergency cases continued. It is also pointed out that this will mean more air planes coming to this section as the government is considering handling the air mail by contract with commercial firms. Then it is also likely that other commercial planes will be coming into use in the next few years and the Bellefonte field is about as good a location for a one-stop between Cleveland and New York as can be found.

Labor Day Picnics.

Due to the inclement weather the Labor Day picnics at Hecla Park and at Snow Shoe were not so well attended as had been anticipated. Considering the weather, the attendance was good. Not many Bellefonte people gathered at Hecla Park as a number of them went to Snow Shoe and many were at the skating rink. The attendance at the Park was composed mostly of people from Lock Haven and Clinton county and that section was well represented.

Butler Loses Appeal.

Judge Quigley, in an opinion and decree, has refused a new trial for Burdine Butler, of Howard, found guilty by a jury of refusing to comply with the vaccination law, and directs that Butler appear for sentence. The matter will be appealed to the higher courts.

COUNCIL MEETING

Important Matters of Business Considered by Borough Dads.

At the regular session of Council on Monday evening a number of special and important business matters were considered besides the routine business.

Mr. and Mrs. James McClure sent in a communication stating they desired the pole on the corner of Logan and Spring streets, at their residence, to be removed and that if it was not removed within ten days Mr. McClure would cut it down. They claim the pole, which is used for both telephone and telegraph wires, is so close to the house as to interfere with opening the shutters.

Edward J. Haupt was granted exonerations from taxes to the amount of $75, it having been found that a mistake was made in first charges against him.

A committee composed of George Eberhart, Alex. Morrison and John J. Bower of the Logan Fire company, asked that Council inspect the fire-fighting apparatus of the company. They claimed the steamer was out of order and should be gone over and placed in first class working shape.

A report from the borough manager was read and attention called to the fact that the new water main on Spring street had been finished and placed in operation, also that repairs had been made to the pumping station.

Regarding the question about Harry Kerns being permitted to erect a stable on the back of his property which J. M. Keichline contended would detract from the desirability of his houses on Borough street, Attorneys Spangler and Walker reported that the borough had never laid out that section as a street and that there was nothing to prevent Mr. Kerns from building his stable. However if Mr. Keichline can prove that the stable is ill kept and therefore a nuisance in the future, he will be able to secure some action. The matter relative to the borough extending sewer connection to Frank Sasserman's house was mentioned for further investigation and report. A Bell telephone was placed in the jail for use in case of fire and for the Sheriff's use, fire calls to be given preference. The finance committee reported renewal of notes amounting to $14,700 and payment of interest on same.

A proposition to sell at $2.50 per acre, with all coal, oil, and clay rights reserved, was considered regarding the sale of 1343 acres and 28 perches of mountain land on Philipsburg mountain in Worth, Taylor and Rush townships bequeathed to the Pruner orphanage in Bellefonte by the will of the late E. J. Pruner. The offer is made by the Centre County Game Propagating Preserve Association. An inspection of the property will be made to ascertain if there is any considerable amount of saleable timber located on the land before definite action is taken.

Chairman Flack of the Fire and Police committee reported that he had a conversation with Burgess Walker about taking charge of the police and that the Burgess said he had nothing to do with it. Members of Council said he would be requested to again take charge of the police. Burgess Walker has informed Council that he objects to the cannon, a relic of the late war procured by Mr. Walker for the "Diamond" in Bellefonte, being placed at the armory as the County Commissioners had planned to place it at the monument in the public square.

Marriage Licenses.

Register Frank Sasserman has issued the following marriage licenses:

William M. Furl, Catharine Delany,	Runville Jacksonville
Adam Kresnoski, Mary Gantic,	Kato "
Paul A. Vonada, Lila E. Clevenstine,	Zion "
William C. Thompson, Grace O. Winter,	Lewes, Del. State College
Charles V. Long, Lula J. Ponst,	Hughesville "
Forrest R. Gardner, Margaret Glossner,	Blanchard Howard
John B. Kane, Erma N. Eckley,	Bellefonte "
Henry C. Stine, Katharine R. Watson.	Unionville Milesburg

Salona Boy Injured.

Henry Wilson, an 11-year-old boy of Salona, was injured last Thursday afternoon when he jumped from a wagon and in the path of an approaching automobile. The car knocked him from his feet and ran over his right leg, breaking the bones below the knee. He was taken to the Lock Haven hospital and given necessary attention.

Jones—Kline.

Dr. Alden Jones, of Philadelphia, and Miss Mary Kline, recently of Bellefonte, were quietly married in Philadelphia on Friday.

WM. P. HUMES ANSWERS CALL OF DEATH ANGEL

Prominent Bellefonte Business Man Died Monday Morning.

END CAME SUDDENLY

Wm. P. Humes, for many years one of the leading business men of Bellefonte, whose health had been failing for about a year, peacefully passed away at his home on Allegheny street on Tuesday morning at 5 o'clock. He seemingly was feeling as well as usual Monday evening and as late as 9 30 o'clock moved about the house and chatted with his sister and others who happened to be there. His death was due to heart failure.

Mr. Humes was a life-long resident of this section, having been born in Bellefonte, September 21, 1844, a son of Edward C. and Lucy Alexander Humes. His early education was received at the Bellefonte Academy, after which he attended the Pennsylvania State College. In 1861 he came to his home here and assisted in closing up the affairs of H. C. Humes and brother and became connected with what was more generally known as Humes, McAllister, Hale and Co. private bankers, which firm later formed the First National Bank of Bellefonte. He remained actively associated with this bank until failing health a year or so ago necessitated his retirement from business affairs. He was deeply intersted in farming and owned one of the finest and largest farms in this section, his present tenant being Boyd Sampsel. He was of a pleasant, unassuming nature and in his business dealing held the confidence of all, enjoying a fine reputation. As a member of the Presbyterian church he ably supported the local church and took an active interest in its affairs.

December 27, 1877, Mr. Humes married Miss Eliza D., daughter of James D. and M. A. Harris, and to this union was born one daughter, Lucy Hamilton Humes, who died at the age of six months. Mrs. Humes died July 1, 1881, her death being rather sudden and bringing much sorrow to her many friends. Mr. Humes leaves one sister, Miss Myra, at the family home on Allegheny street.

Funeral services will be held at the late residence on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, interment in the Union cemetery.

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Minute on the death of William P. Humes, adopted by the Board of Directors of the First National Bank:

"The Directors of the First National Bank of Bellefonte desire to show their appreciation of their late associate, Mr. William P. Humes, and to record by this minute the high place he held in their esteem, and the sincere sorrow they feel at his death.

"Mr. Humes' membership in the board embraced a period of thirty-six years. During this period and to within a few months of his death, he was constant in his attendance, not only on the sessions of the board but in the work of the bank, his inherent courtesy inducing him to help in the active work of the institution. He did this for many years without salary, solely from his desire to lighten the labors of the officials of the bank.

"His name was synonymous with all that stood for the highest standards of commercial honor, his courtesy was unfailing, his desire to help others unbounded; his conduct was uninfluenced by selfish motives, and he exemplified in a striking manner the divine saying, 'It is more blessed to give than to receive.'

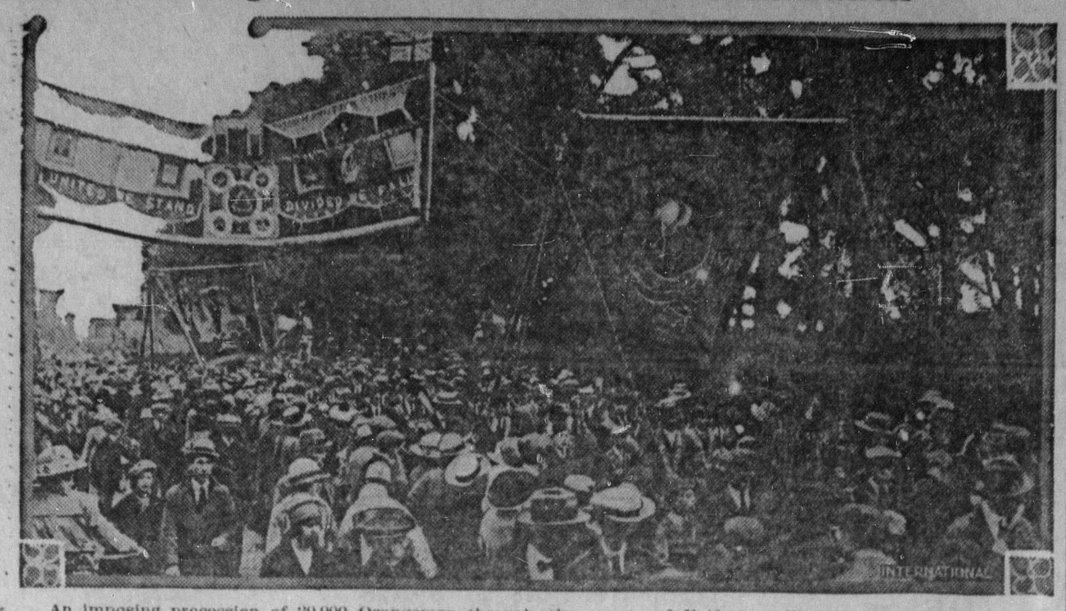
"Mr. Humes will be remembered in all classes for his kindness. He possessed to a degree those qualities of the heart and the way of life that men of all ages have looked up to, and which are the basis of a true nobility. In his civic relations, in his church life as well as in his business career he stood always for that which is right.

"Long association with him only served to strengthen the conviction that in the higher attributes of humanity, he was a man apart."

Fingers Crushed.

Mrs. August Glatz, of Bellefonte, met with a painful accident on Monday evening while returning home from a trip to Philadelphia. At Harrisburg three fingers on her left hand were crushed when the train was jolted and caused a Pullman door to close on her hand. Word was sent ahead to Huntingdon and a physician summoned, who dressed the injuries.

Orangemen in Great Belfast Demonstration



An imposing procession of 20,000 Orangemen through the streets of Belfast to Finaghy, where they were addressed by their leader, Sir Edward Carson.

Hunting From an Automobile

Thrilling Description of Unique Sport in the Moroccan Desert.

FOUR GAZELLES ARE BAGGED

Fast Driving Over Stony Plain to Get Within Range—Great Skill on the Part of Chauffeurs Necessary to Handle Cars.

London.—The Morocco correspondent of the Times sends a thrilling description of hunting gazelles by automobile. He writes:

There are four of us. Hadji Thami Glavis, the Basha of Marrakesh; Kaid Hammou of the Atlas, Sid Ayadi, Kaid of Rahamna, and your correspondent.

It is time to start. There is a car for each of us four sportsmen, and at the invitation of my hosts I take my seat beside the chauffeur, with two beautifully dressed black slaves in the back seat in attendance. The kaids enter their cars and we set out.

The cultivated lands are quickly left behind and the great plain of Rahamna lies stretching away before us with the snow peaks of the Atlas bounding its southern horizon.

Kaid Ayadi gives the signal and the four cars spread out—a few hundred yards apart—and proceed at a slower pace, about fifteen miles an hour. The ground is stone-strewn and rough, and careful steering is necessary. There are boulders of every shape and size loosely strewn over the plain, and little channels worn by water, insignificant enough in themselves, but highly damaging to motorcars if not skillfully maneuvered. Our chauffeurs, three Frenchmen and an Algerian, are skillful drivers and accustomed to this sport of the "Great Kaids."

Sighting the Game.

Suddenly one of the slaves in my car cries out and away ahead of me I see a herd of gazelle bounding over the plain. My car is on the extreme left of the line and our object is to head off the herd from the more stony ground and turn them to the right, where the plain is more level. Edging away always to the left our car quickens its pace, rolling from side to side and bumping. Seizing every opportunity of a few yards of good ground, we spurt forward, only to have to slow down again to manipulate some awkward spot. The gazelle are out of range, for it is only with a shotgun loaded with solid bullet or buckshot that they can be got. To shoot with a rifle out of a car going at from forty to fifty miles an hour over rough ground is too much to ask or expect. There are less stones now and we are making headway.

The three cars on my right keep a little in the rear, in order to facilitate my turning movement, but they too are making good pace. At times, for a few minutes, we are traveling at over forty miles an hour, and once or twice the gazelle are almost within range; then some little watercourse or some extra stony patch gives them their chance and they increase the distance again. At length our course seems clear and the car bounds forward. The pace is splendid but rather terrifying. Half standing, half kneeling on the seat, I wait to get my chance of a shot, then suddenly the car swerves in a way that nearly throws me out—and stops. A yard or two ahead is a dry watercourse, a meter wide perhaps, and half a meter deep and full of boulders, an impassable barrier—or rather a barrier the passing of which necessitates a search for a practical passage, and allows the escape of the gazelle, whose course toward the stony ground is now easy. A few minutes later we see them appear on the outline of a low hill, bounding over the rocks.

It was not long before fresh herds were put up, but always breaking away to the left they succeeded in reaching the low stony slopes that form the northern boundary of the Rahamna plain. At a signal from Kaid Ayadi we turn southward to seek more advantageous ground, and emerging from the stones our cars roll across the level plain at a pace of 30 miles an hour. Game, however, is scarcer here—though a great bustard falls to my gun, brought down by a charge of buckshot. At length, however, a herd of a dozen gazelle is spied in the open, and at an increased speed the cars rush forward. The speedometer of my car marks 40 miles an hour, but we are not gaining on the gazelle, who appear easily to keep their distance of four or five hundred yards ahead of us. At another signal we increase the pace to 50 miles an hour. The plain is level, but there are stones and little undulations and many small watercourses, merely little declivities in the surface, but none the less exciting to pass over, and the exhilaration is intense.

Four Killed, One Taken Alive.

It is wonderful driving on the part of the chauffeurs, and the cars sway from side to side, and rise and fall, like boats in a rough sea. We are closing upon the herd now, and it looks as though it will be my car that will be the first to come up with them, but suddenly they turn aside to the right, and pass down the line of advancing cars.

The Basha of Marrakesh's lithe figure is clearly visible as he stands in his swaying car. The gazelle pass him, and with right and left he brings down two—beautiful shooting. Kaid Hammou's car is the next, and he, too, shoots his two gazelle. Once more the herd swerves, and passing between the cars, breaks back to the rear and is allowed to escape without further molestation—all but one, a young doe, who paralyzed with fear, stands motionless, and is easily captured alive and unhurt, to be carefully conveyed back to Marrakesh to become a pet in the basha's house.

It may be argued that this class of hunting is not sport, that the gazelle have no chance of escape, but it is not so. The risk is great, an accident may occur at any moment, and the stony surface of the ground gives the gazelle a good chance. Of the many herds we saw the four gazelle shot and the one taken alive were our whole bag, though we covered 100 miles of distance on the plain alone, without counting our ride to and from Marrakesh. The handling of the cars requires the greatest skill, and the shooting is by no means easy. To hit a running gazelle from a motor car traveling at the rate of 50 miles an hour over rough ground needs no little skill.

Irish Justice Without Jails

Sinn Fein Courts Return Most Unusual Findings in Some of the Civil Cases.

Dublin.—Some of the decisions of the recently organized Sinn Fein courts disregard all precedent of court procedure.

They must result to subterfuge in criminal sentences because they have no prisons, but their findings in civil cases sometimes are most unusual.

A will case was recently tried in a district court. Two brothers were to operate their father's farm jointly after his death until one of them should decide to marry. Then it was to be divided between them. One of the brothers became engaged and maintained that as he was the first to set up a new home of his own he should divide the estate to suit himself. The other objected. The Sinn Fein jury decided that the engaged man should be allowed to divide the farm, but that his brother should have the right to select the division he wanted.

A man who stole something from a farmer was sentenced to work 30 days for the farmer and return the article. Another who stole a set of harness was paraded through the village streets with the harness tied about him, then taken to the owner and made to apologize as he returned the harness.

Daniel Webster's Mahogany Desk

When the United States chamber of commerce bought the old Daniel Webster homestead in Washington, the mahogany desk on which Webster wrote his famous reply to Calhoun was included in the sale. Joseph H. Defrees, president of the chamber, shown here seated at the desk.

OXYGEN FOR GAS VICTIMS

Chamber Is Equipped in Hospital at London to Give Special Treatment.

London.—An oxygen chamber has been completed at Guy's hospital at a cost of $3,000.

It is an air-tight chamber of glass framed in teak, measuring 20 feet square and 7½ feet high.

It will be used principally for the cure of men gassed in the war. The treatment devised by Prof. Joseph Barcroft of Cambridge university and Dr. G. H. Hunt of Guy's hospital, is still in the experimental stage, but doctors are hopeful of good results.

Men who have been gassed and suffer from difficulty of breathing show great improvement after lying in the chamber for five days or more and breathing oxygen continuously.

The chamber will contain three beds, and each patient will breathe 8 cents' worth of oxygen a day.

Nearly 7,000 foreign firms are now doing business in China.

AN ABSOLUTE CURE

By H. LOUIS RAYBOLD.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

When Carlton Dane was basking in the sunshine of Sara Stafford's eyes, he knew it was Sara he wanted. While under the witching spell of Adele Wentworth's attractive ways, he felt equally certain that only Adele could adequately fill the void in his life.

Granted that he loved them both, which would make the better wife? He would put them to the test. And what greater test could ever come to any one than the ordeal of sickness—vague, indefinite disease, involving time and money—and quite possibly, an unhappy ending? Whoever could meet that cheerfully, efficiently, without shrinking, would show up well under any trial life might offer.

And the following evening Carlton sought Adele. "Do you know," he began very soon after the preliminary expressions of greeting were over and they were comfortably seated in the one tiny sitting room Adele's beautiful but diminutive apartment afforded for entertaining. "Do you know anything about—?" giving a long Latin name.

"Why, no," said Adele in astonishment.

"I don't, either, but the doctor says I have it—mind you, I don't think so at least not in an advanced stage—and I believe it may always be postponed."

"I have an idea," she said suddenly. "You ought to go to the Summer sanitarium," said Adele. "It is a simply wonderful place and they are effecting all kinds of cures. You simply must go."

Carlton, wondering how Sara could possibly be more solicitous, hesitated, then said he would let her know very soon.

"Sara," he had said gently, "would you feel badly if you thought I was—well, not exactly suffering, but well, possibly destined to suffer from a serious—er—affection?"

Sara had looked puzzled. "Tell me all about it," she had said.

Carlton had blundered through a web of deceit, seeking to make as few misstatements as possible in order to have fewer to retract at some future day. "I am thinking of going to the Summer sanitarium," he concluded.

"Oh," said Sara briefly, "Oh."

Carlton, reviewing the conversation as he walked homeward, decided that Sara was quite indifferent to his welfare and that Adele was the woman for him. The firm owed him a couple of weeks' vacation. He would run up to this excellent sanitarium thus making Adele feel that he valued her advice. On his return he would announce a complete cure, thus saving his face and avoiding any explanations. Furthermore, he would proceed to ask Adele the vital question, buy the wedding ring and await the happy day.

A week later Carlton paced a deserted end of the station platform. He was on his way to sun parlors and nourishing food and splendid nursing. All, thanks to Adele's interest. As for Sara—well, Sara, when he telephoned, had merely wished him the best of luck and inquired what day and on what train he left.

"How are you feeling today?" spoke up a sweet voice behind him.

Carlton turned abruptly on his heel. A simple hat, long, trim ulster, beneath which showed the blue-gray hem of her nurse's uniform, did not disguise Sara.

"Why, Sara," he said in surprise, "not taking this train, are you?" He looked questioningly at her bag.

"Why—why—yes. I hope so," said Sara, a queer little catch in her voice. "But it's up to you. I happen to know that the sanitarium, being so new and all, is terribly short of nurses. I thought perhaps you would let me go along with you and say I was recommended for your case by a doctor. I'd love to do it!" The intensity of her expression left no doubt of her sincerity.

"But I didn't know you could nurse," objected Carlton.

"Oh, yes," and Sara brushed the remark aside impatiently. "I took the training while you were in France. That part of it's all right."

"You want to go and look out for me," said Carlton, slowly, impressively, as one upon whom a great light breaks.

A wave of color flooded Sara's pretty face. "Well," she said, "I must confess that at first I thought Adele had just been trying to rope in another patient for her old doctor's sanitarium and had gotten you where you imagined there was something the matter with you. But afterward—"

"Excuse me," said Carlton, peremptorily. "Her old doctor's sanitarium—what do you mean?"

"Why, that Doctor Summer she's going to marry. It isn't announced, but, of course, everybody knows."

"Of course, of course," murmured Carlton hastily. Then, throwing back his shoulders, he looked squarely into Sara's true blue eyes. "Sara," he said solemnly, "if confession is good for the soul, I am sure it is good for the health—and when I am through confessing you'll agree that I am perfectly well. I only hope my sudden recovery won't make you distrust me utterly. Do you think it will?" he asked anxiously.

Sara looked frankly up at him. "No, Carlton," she said gently, "nothing could ever do that.

Carlton glanced quickly about him. They were alone. "Darling," he whispered, taking both hands in his, "let's not take the train!"

"ASPIRIN"

WARNING! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 20 years and proved safe by millions.

BAYER

OK

SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and for pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Origin of Famous Quotations.

The henpecked man had just obtained a divorce from his first wife. He was heard to murmur, with the only fiendish glee that had been his since the orange blossom episode: "And the first shall be last."

It is impossible to suppress the man who thinks he can tell a story.

Enjoy present pleasures in such a way as not to injure future ones.—Seneca.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with nightly applications of Roman Eye Balsam.—Adv.

A man without ambition is as useless as last year's dog license.

LISTEN, THOROUGHBREDS!

You Too, SCRUBS!

When wormy and run down, kick for

BLACKMANS MEDICATED SALT BRICK

The Worm Medicine and Tonic Used by Veterinarians for 15 Years.

No trouble to your master He should bring home a dozen bricks and keep one in your feed box so you can doctor yourself when needed.

To learn what they did for Miss Annie Mule ask the local dealer or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

The Genuine Bears the Name BLACKMAN

The newest and tallest hospital in the world, now under construction. Training school accredited by N. Y. State Educational department.

Beth Israel Hospital
NEW YORK

Nurses' Training School

Founded 1890. (Nonsectarian) offers young women a complete course in nursing and in addition pays them $25 monthly, plus keep.

Most modern facilities. Best nursing conveniences. Three shift system. Group method of treatment. Every department in medicine covered, including Radium, Electro-Cardiograph, etc.

Applicants must have had one year high school instruction or its equivalent.

Under the new law a short course can be taken by those wishing to become

TRAINED ATTENDANTS

Only a complete Grammar School Education or its equivalent required. For further particulars address.

SUPERINTENDENT
Beth Israel Hospital, New York

GRAMMAR AS IT IS WRIT

Third Man Had Also Had Difficulties He Was Anxious to Get Corrected.

First Sergeant Grizzell of the Spokane recruiting station, vouches for the following incident which occurred when three of the applicants of that station were making application to the director of the United States Marine Corps institute, Quantico, Va.

Two of the applicants had spelled the word grammar as "grammer," and were busily making corrections when the third applicant came along. He asked:

"What are you changing the word grammar for?"

"Why, we spelled it wrong," answered one of the applicants.

"Give me that rubber," said the third man. "Darned if I ain't spelled it with two m's myself."—Recruiters' Bulletin.

Some Good Came Out of It.

Jud Tunkins says that anyhow the war has put a silencer on the man who used to be always talking about how much better they did everything in Europe.

Man's interference with Nature's plans nearly always brings an unexpected reaction.

When the girls want to loaf around the dry goods stores they call for plaid sewing silk.

SOMETHING LIKE A BUGLER!

Player Who Could Produce an Effect Like That Described Surely Was a Wonder.

Two darkies in a negro regiment were boasting about their company buglers.

"G'long wid you, boy," said one; "you ain't got no booglers. We is got the boogler, and when 'at boy wraps his off lip around that horn and blows pay-call it sound jes' like that um Boston Symphony band playin' 'The Rosary.'"

"Yeh, I hearn you," replied the other. "Talk up, boy; talk up. Yo' is wadin' deep into trouble."

"—An' when he sounds 'at tapoo the angile Gabri'ell hisself is lending' a ear, boy. A ear is what I says."

"Well, if yo' is yearnin' fo' food yo' wants a boogler with an hypnotic note like we is got. Boy, when Ah hears ole Custard-Mouth Jones discharge his blast, Ah looks at mah beans and Ah says, Strawberries, behave yo'selves! Yo' is crowdin' the whip cream out o' mah dish.'"—Gold Chevron.

All-Around Housekeeper.

Browne—Mrs. Smith is an adept at making over her old clothes.

Towne—Yes; she even ruffles her husband's old temper.—Judge.

It's twice as easy to deceive one's mother as it is to deceive any other woman.

There's no waste to

Grape-Nuts

and it saves sugar, for it contains its own sweetening

No cooking is necessary and the likable flavor of this wheat and malted barley food is equaled only by its economy.

Grocers everywhere sell Grape-Nuts.

U. S. Flag Leads Parade of Nations at Antwerp

The American flag was carried by Pat McDonald at the head of the parade which formally opened the Olympic games at Antwerp, while athletes of all nations represented marched behind the banner of the "Etats Unis." King Albert of Belgium, the queen and other notables, reviewed the parade.

Women Picket British Line Piers in New York

ENGLISH
Men and Women have mobbed Brixton Gaol
AMERICANS WAKE UP!
British Police & Soldiers forcibly entered Mayor MacCurtains peaceful home and murdered him in cold blood March 1920
CAN WE STAND BY AND LET THEM MURDER MAYOR MAC SWINEY?
WHO'S GOING TO STICK LONGEST? YOU OR US. BOTH!
International

Some of the American women sympathizers of the "Ir ish Republic," picketing the Cunard line piers in New York. Other piers of British steamship companies were picketed in the same manner.

Gentleman from Assam Arrives

The steamship Minnesota brought to America the other day 600 beasts and birds, collected in all parts of the far east and Africa, which will be distributed to zoos throughout the country. Among them was this hoolock, a gibbon ape from Assam. He walks like a man and has a tail like a feather duster.

CAN'T LOSE HIMSELF

A woman at Atlantic City whose little son was always straying from her, devised the idea of sewing on his back a label telling where he was to be returned. This was so successful that it was adopted by nearly every mother at the resort.

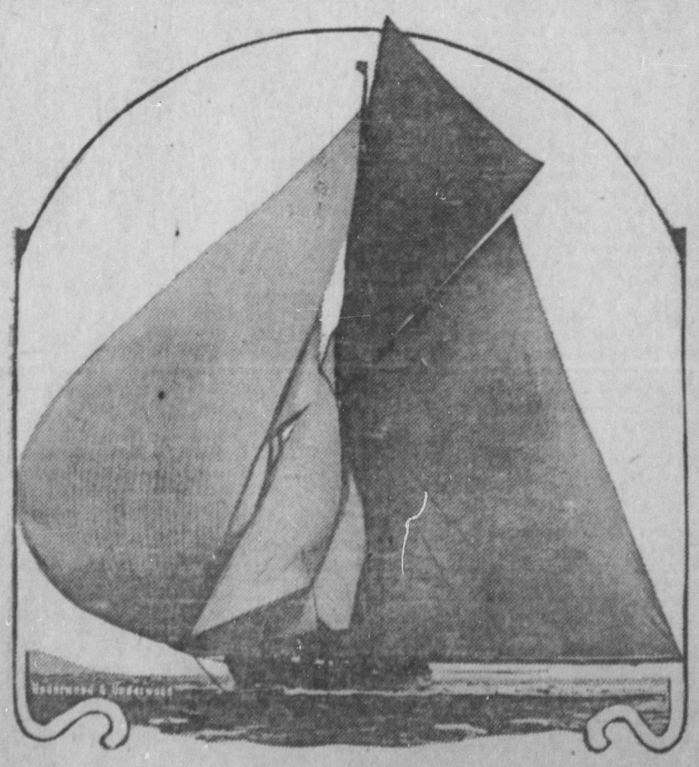
"Chickens" of Petaluma and a Worm

Petaluma, Cal., celebrated recently with a "chicken dance" and "egg day," and the prettiest girls of the city garbed in feathers to represent chickens, did many interesting and amusing stunts. Two are shown "fighting over a worm."

THE MAID OF 1620

The model of "The Maid of 1620," a statue in memory of the Pilgrim mothers, which will be erected in Plymouth, Mass., in November, in connection with the tercentenary of the landing of the Pilgrims. The statue is the first in honor of the women of the Mayflower. The figure will be of bronze and will stand six feet eight inches high. It is the work of Henry H. Kitson, a well-known sculptor of Boston.

King's Yacht in English Cup Races



The king's yacht Britannia leading the R. L. Y. C. handicap race off Cowes, England.

IT'S HARMLESS NOW

One of the huge mortars in the former German fortress of Helgoland, with a little child seated in its bore. This and all the rest of the island stronghold are being destroyed in accordance with the peace terms.

A Strong Hint—Anyway.

The stenographer was furious at her boss, and justly so, too. He was so egotistical that even the men in the office sometimes declared him a member of a certain family of animals, noted for their stubbornness usually. The stenographer hesitated to use that word. She simply looked it.

But that afternoon when she happened to look down on the street and see the boss with his little son, she pointed sarcastically to him and said to the girl next her, "Look down there. There he goes with his little mulelet."

Every one in the office took the hint and smiled.

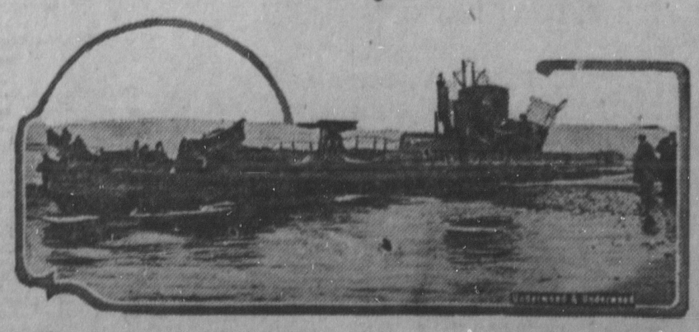
Bathing Girls Kiss Despite Mayor

These four pretty "bathing girls" insisted on aiding the United States navy recruiting drive, despite the orders of the mayor of Philadelphia. The girls had offered to kiss all recruits at a noon-day navy drive, and did kiss the first man who offered to enlist.

READY FOR RESCUE WORK

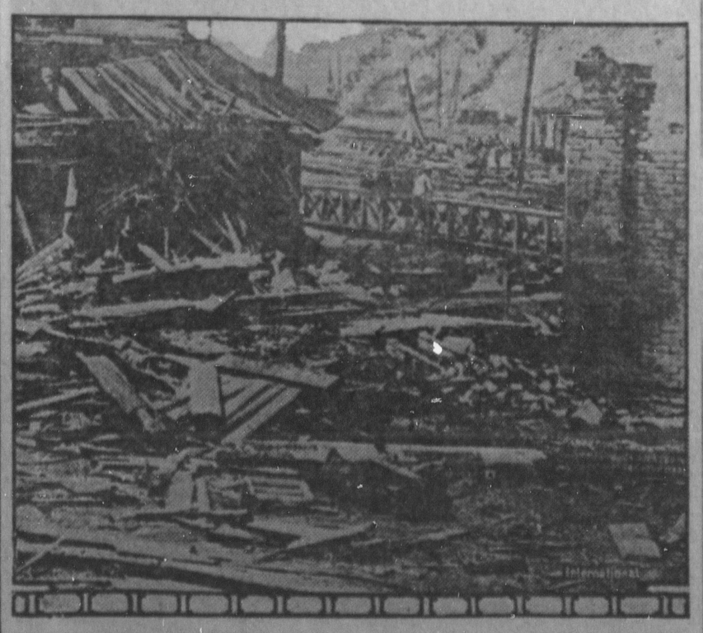
D. J. Parker of Pittsburgh, Pa., chief of the mine rescue forces of the United States bureau of mines, equipped with his oxygen mine rescue apparatus and ready to enter a mine in which there has been an explosion and the lives of men are in peril. Mr. Parker has charge of the rescue forces of the bureau throughout the entire country, and of the training of miners in rescue and first-aid work. One hundred thousand miners have already been given this training by him and his son.

Lusitania's Destroyer Is a Wreck



On a lonely and wild stretch of beach on the Danish coast, huge waves are rapidly pounding down into the sand the iron hulk of the German U-boat No. 20, which sank the Lusitania. This weapon of German frightfulness was washed ashore there during a storm.

After a Bombardment by the Reds



The station at Lake Baikal, Siberia, following bombardment by a bolshevik army. This is one of the first views reaching this country of actual Siberian conditions.

THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte Pa., September 9, 1920

CHARLES E. DORWORTH, - Ed., & Pub

Subscription rate $1.50 a year strictly in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display advertising, 25 cents per single column inch, run of paper and normal amount of composition. Position and special composition, 35 cents per single column inch, each insertion.

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THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President.
Warren G. Harding, of Ohio.

For Vice President
Calvin Coolidge, of Massachusetts.

For U. S. Senator
Boies Penrose, of Philadelphia.

For Supreme Court Justice
Sylvester B. Sadler, of Carlisle.

For Superior Court Justice
William B. Linn, of Philadelphia.

For State Treasurer
Charles A. Snyder ,of Schuykill Co.

For Auditor General
Samuel S. Lewis, of York Co.

For Congress, 21st Dist.
Evan J. Jones, of McKean County.

For Legislature
Thomas Beaver, of Spring Twp.

Granger Picnic in Full Swing.

The granger picnic at Centre Hall is in full swing this week. Though an admission charge of 25 cents for individuals and 50 cents for automobiles is being collected the attendance is larger than usual. Over 230 tents are erected in the camping space and all are taken, some of the tents being occupied by six families to a tent. This makes a very crowded condition but all are enjoying themselves. The exhibits this year are of the best and much larger than in many years. The live-stock buildings are full, even cattle and horses being a complete exhibition. The exhibits in the agricultural building are very attractive and complete.

Broke Leg on Merry-go-round.

Miss Dora Shope, daughter of Emanuel Shope, of Milesburg, had her left leg fractured on Labor Day when a board on the merry-go-round in the park at Snow Shoe broke and her leg was caught while the merry-go round was in motion. A physician set the bone and the young lady was then taken to her home.

Wreck at Milesburg.

Conductor Weaver and a flagman on a westbound freight were slightly injured on Tuesday afternoon when a broken train-line caused the freight to wreck near the Milesburg station. Traffic was delayed for a few hours until the tracks were cleared of wreckage.

Dissolve Partnership.

Edward Gehret and John Lambert, of Bellefonte, have decided to dissolve the partnership which they formed some years ago, Mr. Lambert retiring to devote his time to other interests. Mr. Gehret will continue the contracting business.

Cool Nights.

The recent cool nights were all the more chilly because they followed so closely the hot weather of August. The first frost of the season was reported from Sugar valley on Friday morning but in was so light that no harm was done.

Hand Lacerated by Explosion.

Olie Gleixner, 8-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Gleixner, of Centre Hall, had her hand badly lacerated on Tuesday of last week when she foung a dynamite cap and laid it on a stone, striking it to see what would happen.

Celebrated Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. David Houser, of Lemont, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last Thursday and enjoyed a most delightful day.

New Orleans Cemeteries.

Surrounded as it is on three sides by the Mississippi and on the fourth by Lake Pontchartrain, no wonder New Orleans must bury its dead above-ground! Even a shallow grave becomes a well. The cemeteries, with their wildernesses of stone and marble tombs, are one of the sights of the city.

The Seven Seas.

Did Kipling consult Hindu mythology when choosing the title for his well-known book, "The Seven Seas"? According to the Puranas, the earth is circular and flat, like the flower of a water lily. Its circumference is 1,000,000,000 miles. In the center is Mount Soomeroo.

Evidence Stork Had Traveled.

Julia had been over to see the neighbor's new baby and upon her return was asked how she liked it, to which she replied: "Well, mother, it is all right, only the stork must have been a long time on the way with it, for it certainly is awfully tanned."

HARDING GLAD AMERICANS ARE A FREE PEOPLE

In Speech to Indiana Delegation Republican Nominee Declares for Security at Home.

EUROPE HAS EVEN NOW QUIT WILSON'S LEAGUE

Yet Democratic Party Leaders Would Have Us Bound by Original Pact With No American Safeguards.

"STEADY AMERICA!"

"Mindful of our splendid example and renewing every obligation of association in war, I want America to be the rock of security at home, resolute in righteousness and unalterable in security and supremacy of the law.

"Let us be done with wiggling and wobbling.

"Steady America! Let us assure good fortune to all."

—Senator Warren G. Harding in address before the Indiana delegation at Marion.

Marion, O. (Special.)—Senator Warren G. Harding, Republican nominee for President, in a speech delivered to a delegation from Indiana which called on him here to pledge the support of Indiana Republicans, declared that twice President Wilson had an opportunity to obtain ratification of the League of Nations covenant and that he put ratification aside because he would not accept reservations designed solely to safeguard American rights. Senator Harding said:

"I greet you in a spirit of rejoicing; not a rejoicing in the narrow personal or partisan sense, not in the gratifying prospects of party triumph; not in the contemplation of abundance in the harvest fields and ripening corn fields and maturing orchards; not in the reassuring approach of stability after a period of wiggling and wobbling which magnified our uncertainty—though all of these are ample for our wide rejoicing—but I rejoice that America is still free and independent and in a position of self-reliance and holds to the right of self-determination, which are priceless possessions in the present turbulence of the world.

"Let us suppose the senate had ratified the peace treaty containing the league covenant as submitted to it by the president in July of last year, what would be the situation confronting our common country today? To my mind there is but one answer. Before this day we would have been called upon to fulfil the obligations which we had assumed under Article 10 of the league covenant, to preserve the territorial integrity of Poland 'as against external aggression.'

Sympathy for Poland.

"I shall not now attempt to measure the boundless sympathy for the just aspirations and restored independence of Poland. Our present concern is the international situation which Poland has brought to our attention.

"The council of the League of Nations would have reasoned, and reasoned correctly, that the United States could furnish the munitions and, if necessary, the men to withstand the hordes advancing from Russia far more easily than could the exhausted nations of Europe. Moreover, inasmuch as this would be the first test of the scheme of world government which was formulated and demanded by the President, speaking for the United States, the fact of a special responsibility, resting upon our shoulders, manifestly would have been undeniable. Undoubtedly the league council, in 'advising upon the means' by which the obligations to Poland should be fulfilled, as provided in the covenant, would have so held, and probably the conscience of America, certainly the opinion of the world, would have sustained that judgment.

"The conclusion that our country might now be confronted by such a situation, if the senate had ratified the league covenant, requires no stretch of the imagination. None can deny that it is possible. To many candid minds, as to my own, such a distressing situation will seem highly probable. Let us assume that the ratification had taken place. Let us assume, further, that the performance of the alloted task required the waging of war upon the Russian people, as, of course, it would, what would result; what would of necessity have to result? Nothing necessarily, we are glibly informed, since only the Congress can declare war, and the Congress might reject the appeal of the executive. But would the Congress do that? Could the Congress do that without staining indelibly the honor of the nation?

Answer Is "No."

"I answer 'No,' and I say it not on my own authority alone. Back of my judgment stands the President of the United States. Upon that point there is first-hand information. In the course of the discussion which took place at the meeting of the President and the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations I raised the question by stating a hypothetical case precisely analogous to that which I have depicted, and then inquired whether we might not rightfully be regarded as a perfidious people if we should fail to contribute an armed force, if called upon to do so. The President first replied, as I thought somewhat evasively, that we 'would be our own judges as to whether we were obliged in those circumstances to act in that way or not. Pressed further, however, in response to a query incorporating the assumption that 'the case provided for and prescribed had arisen' and that 'the extraneous attack did exist precisely as it does exist today in Poland,' the President admitted specifically that 'we would be untrue if we did not keep our word.'

"Replying further to a question which perhaps I ought not to have considered necessary, the President pronounced a moral obligation 'of course, superior to a legal obligation' and of 'a greater binding force.'

"What, then, becomes of the argument that Congress, not the President, in this instance at any rate, might 'keep us out of war?' Technically, of course, it could do so. Morally, with equal certainty, it could not do so nor would it ever do so. The American people would never permit a repudiation of a debt of honor.

"Am I not right, my countrymen, in saying that we needed only the outbreak of war between Poland and Russia to make us realize at least one of the things which, in the words of Secretary Lansing, we would have been 'let in for,' but for the restraining hand of the senate, and to fetch home to us the danger of committing our country in advance to causes that we know not of?

Not Our Purpose.

"One can have no quarrel with those who have convinced themselves that our underlying purpose in entering the great conflict was to create a league of nations. The fact remains, however, that no such intent was officially acclaimed, no allusion, nor even a suggestion to that effect appeared in the joint resolution of Congress which declared the existence of a state of war between this country and Germany. For myself I left no room for doubt of the motives which led me to cast my vote in favor of that resolution. It so happened that I made the concluding speech upon the war resolution, from my place in the senate, on the night of April 4, 1917. These were my own words at that time:

"'I want it known to the people of my state and to the nation that I am voting for war tonight for the maintenance of just American rights, which is the first essential to the preservation of the soul of this republic.

"'I vote for this joint resolution to make war, not a war thrust upon us, if I could choose the language of the resolution, but a war declared in response to affronts; a war that will at least put a soul into our American life; a war not for the cause of the allies of Europe; a war not for France, beautiful as the sentiment may be in reviving at least our gratitude to the French people; not precisely a war for civilization, worthy and inspiring as that would be; but a war that speaks for the majesty of a people properly governed, who finally are brought to the crucial test where they are resolved to get together and wage a conflict for the maintenance of their rights and the preservation of the covenant inherited from their fathers.

"We have given to the world the spectacle of a great nation that could make war without selfish intent. We unsheathed the sword some eighteen years ago for the first time in the history of the world, in the name of humanity, and we gave proof to the world at that time of an unselfish nation. Now, whether it is the fate, or fortune, or travail of destiny, it has come to us to unsheathe the sword again, not alone for humanity's sake—through that splendid inspiration will be involved—but to unsheathe the sword against a great power in the maintenance of the rights of the republic, in the maintenance which will give to us a new guaranty of nationality. That's the great thing, and I want it known, Mr. President and senators, that this is the impelling thought with me for one, when I cast my vote.'

For Same Guaranty Today.

"It is for that same 'guaranty of nationality' that I stand today, and shall continue to stand inflexibly, so long as I shall be permitted to live. The independence of our great republic is to me a priceless and sacred inheritance. Time was when an American did not hesitate to proclaim himself a patriot. To do so now, I am well aware, is sometimes to invite the sneers of cynicism. But why should any true American not be free to say: 'I am a patriot, wholly evoted to my country, which I hold to be God's best inspiration to man for higher attainment and the promotion of the world's best civilization?'

"But I have a special reason for making this reference today. I challenge the statement that the patriotism which holds America first comprehends either narrowness or selfishness, or as implying tacit suspicion and jealousy of other peoples.

"To assert, as some have asserted heedlessly, that those of us who honestly believe that America can best serve all mankind as America, free and untrammeled, rather than as one in a pitiable minority among many states in merged world government, lack consciousness of the rightful demands of humanity, is to utter a gross and unpardonable libel. To attribute meanness to those of us who, in the performance of our public duty, refused to participate in what we sincerely regarded as a betrayal of our own country in the interest of others, is to discredit the intelligence and discrimination of the great mass of American people who directly, by their votes, put us in our positions of trust. For myself, I yield to no man in willingness, aye, in eagerness, to render the greatest conceivable assistance to the stricken peoples of Europe. I include all of them and speak with a genuinely sympathetic heart, whether it is to mention devastated France, or sorely-tried Italy, or nobly-struggling Poland, or distracted and misguided Russia, or gallant little Belgium, or pitiably deceived Austria, or the ruthless invader, Germany, which came to the supreme tragedy through a leadership which brought disaster to her misguided people.

"It was with that feeling of sympathy and desire to serve, that most reluctantly and with grave misgivings, as I announced at the time, I with reservations designed to preserve our essential liberty of action. The record is made, and under the same conditions, confronted by the same alternative, I should vote now as I voted then.

Conditions Have Changed.

"But the conditions have changed. Experience has brought enlightenment. We know now that the league constituted at Versailles is utterly impotent as a preventive of wars. It is so obviously impotent that it has not even been tried. The original league, mistakenly conceived and unreasonably insisted upon, has undoubtedly passed beyond the possibility of restoration. The maturer judgment of the world will be that it deserved to pass for the very simple reason that, contrary to all of the tendencies developed by the civilizing processes of the world, it rested upon the power of might, not of right.

"The assertion is made frequently that through the surrender of our nationality we might have saved the life of the covenant—that is to say, that, although twenty-eight nations could not make it function, one added to the twenty-eight would have achieved a glowing success, provided, always, that the one were America.

"This pays to America the tribute of exceptional influence, but I suggest that if the world is dependent upon our action to bring about the supreme realization, then we ought to have the say about our own freedom in participating therein. But let us consider what is meant by this reliance upon America. What can it signify if not that it is to the United States, and to the United States alone, that the other twenty-eight nations look for the bone and sinew, the money, the munitions and the men to sustain the entire organization, not as an agency of peace, but as an armed force?

Read the Republican, $1.50 a year in advance.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, AT THE ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1920, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eleven of article sixteen of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amend section eleven, article sixteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"No corporate body to possess banking and discounting privileges shall be created or organized in pursuance of any law without three months' previous public notice, at the place of the intended location, of the intention to apply for such privileges, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law, nor shall a charter for such privilege be granted for a longer period than twenty years," so that it shall read as follows:

The General Assembly shall have the power by general law to provide for the incorporation of banks and trust companies and to prescribe the powers thereof.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to Article nine, section eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That article nine, section eight, be amended to read as follows:

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as provided herein, and in section fifteen of this article, shall never exceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, but the debt of the city of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount that the total city debt of said city shall not exceed ten per centum (10) upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law. In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of the city of Philadelphia, at any time, there shall be deducted from such debt so much of the debt of said city as shall have been incurred, or is about to be incurred, and the proceeds thereof expended, or about to be expended, upon any public improvement, or in the construction, purchase, or condemnation of any public utility, or part thereof, or facility therefor, if such public improvement or public utility, or part thereof, whether separately or in connection with any other public improvement or public utility, or part thereof, may reasonably be expected to yield revenue in excess of operating expenses sufficient to pay the interest and sinking-fund charges thereon. The method of determining such amount, so to be deducted, may be prescribed by the General Assembly.

In incurring indebtedness for any purpose the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty (50) years from the date thereof, with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligations at maturity, the payment to such sinking-fund to be in equal graded annual or other periodical instalments. Where any indebtedness shall be or shall have been incurred by said city of Philadelphia for the purpose of the construction or improvements of public works or utilities of any character, from which income or revenue is to be derived by said city, or for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves or docks owned or to be owned by said city, such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for, and may include the amount of, the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction, and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred; and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges as required by section ten, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of said work.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article three (III) of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That article three be amended by adding thereto the following:

Section 34. The Legislature shall have power to classify counties, cities, boroughs, school districts, and townships according to population, and all laws passed relating to each class, and all laws passed relating to, and regulating procedure and proceedings in court with reference to, any class, shall be deemed general legislation within the meaning of this Constitution; but counties, cities and school districts shall not be divided into more than seven classes, and boroughs into not more than five classes.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.A.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article three, section six of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so that the subject of an amendment or supplement to a law and the subject to which such law is extended or on which it is conferred shall be clearly expressed in its title.

Be it resolved by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article three be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6. No law shall be revived, amended, or the provisions thereof extended or conferred, by reference to its title only. So much thereof as is revived, amended, extended, or conferred shall be reenacted and published at length, and the subject of the amendment or supplement and the subject to which such law is extended or on which it is conferred shall be clearly expressed in its title.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.A.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one, article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article eight, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject, however, to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

"First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

"Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

"Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

"Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every citizen male or female of twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject, however, to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact;

First. He or she shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He or she shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he or she shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

Third. He or she shall have resided in the election district where he or she shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he or she shall have paid, within two years, a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Fifth. Whenever the words "he," "his," "him," and "himself" occur in any section of article eight of this Constitution, the same shall be construed as if written, respectively, "he or she," "his or her," "him or her," and "himself or herself."

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3.A.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one (1) of article fifteen (XV) of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article fifteen, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. Cities may be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any town or borough having a population of at least ten thousand shall vote at any general election in favor of the same," be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Cities may be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any town or borough having a population of at least ten thousand shall vote at any general or municipal election in favor of the same. Cities, or cities of any particular class, may be given the right and power to frame and adopt their own charters and to exercise the powers and authority of local self-government, subject, however, to such restrictions, limitations, and regulations, as may be imposed by the Legislature. Laws also may be enacted affecting the organization and government of cities and boroughs, which shall become effective in any city or borough only when submitted to the electors thereof, and approved by a majority of those voting thereon.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.A.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Five-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section seven of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That article nine, section seven be amended to read as follows:

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation, or to obtain or appropriate money for, or to loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or individual.

This section shall not apply to any contract entered into by the city of Philadelphia under legislative authority with respect to the use or operation of transit facilities, whether furnished by the city or by a private corporation or partly or jointly by either or both. Nor shall this section be construed to prohibit the city of Philadelphia from acquiring by contract or condemnation the franchises and property of any company owning or operating transit facilities, or any part thereof, within its corporate limits, or the shares of stock of the corporation owning or operating the same, or any part thereof.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5.A.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Six-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas of that county shall be vested in one court of common pleas composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such change as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of the said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such change as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of the said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 6.A.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Correspondence

Boalsburg.

P. S. Weber and daughter, after spending a week with relatives here, returned to their home at Huntingdon on Tuesday.

Cyrus Wagner, of Altoona, was an over Sunday visitor at his home.

Russell Ishler, after spending his vacation at Pittsburg returned to his home here on Saturday.

Fred Ishler, of Iselin, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Ishler.

Mr. Hall, of Nebraska, and nephew Mr. Miller, of Perry county, were over Sunday visitors with the former's brother, George Hall.

Miss Olive Decker, of Altoona, was a recent visitor at the Wm. Brouse home.

D. W. Meyer visited from Saturday until Monday with relatives at Altoona.

Mrs. Theodore Jackson and son, of Philipsburg, spent part of last week at the Henry Hosterman home.

Mrs. Samuel Kaup and two daughters, of Altoona, spent several days of last week at the Samuel Kaup home.

BADLY BURNED.

Motorists Have Near Tragedy Along Nittany Valley Road.

Russel Caldwell, his wife and daughter, of Mill Hall, were badly burned on Sunday evening as a result of a gasoline explosion that occurred while Mr. Caldwell was examining the car to ascertain why the engine did not work properly.

The family had been to Howard and were on their way to Hublersburg to visit. They were within about two miles of Hublersburg when Mr. Caldwell stopped at a farmhouse to borrow a lantern. With it, he crawled under the car and saw that the gasoline was escaping from the tank. Before he was able to get out of danger the heat from the lantern caused the gasoline to catch fire and his clothes were ignited in the blaze that followed. He was seriously burned and his wife and daughter severely burned in extinguishing the flames.

All were taken to Howard and then to Mill Hall on the evening B. E. V. train where Dr. Painter attended their burns and Mr. Caldwell was taken to the hospital at Lock Haven for further treatment as his burns are of an extensive nature.

Back to School Again.

The Bellefonte public schools opened on Tuesday morning as scheduled with a lower enrollment than for 1919 though it is expected the enrollment will increase as stragglers are coming in every day. The enrollment for 1919 in the grades was 596 as against 564 on Tuesday and in the High School 285 in 1919 as against 264 on Tuesday. Teachers reported as announced previously with Russell L. Hunter, teacher in French and Latin in the High School, succeeding Leethe I. Florey, who resigned to accept a position in Yonkers, N. Y.

Snyder—Wasson.

George L. Snyder and Miss Sarah Matilda Wasson were quietly married at the parsonage of the Stephen Memorial Methodist church in Harrisburg last Thursday evening, by the pastor, Dr. C. A. Smucker, who used the ring ceremony. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wasson, of Bellefonte. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Snyder, of Claverack, N. J., and is employed as a heating engineer by the Monitor company.

Stormstown Loses Two Games.

In a rather one sided game of base ball on Saturday Stormstown lost to the Marengo nine by the score of 14-8. Furst pitched for Stormstown and did well but lacked support. State College defeated Stormstown on Labor Day, the score being 15-2. Had it not been for Tomco's home run, which brought in another, Stormstown would have failed to score. State College will play at Stormstown on next Saturday and a big effort will be made to even up matters.

Caught 102 Fish.

Fishing in the Bald Eagle creek at Curtin, on Monday, a party composed of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dickey and Mrs. Fayette Haagen, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Bitner, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Eberhart, Mrs. A. A. Kissinger, Clarence Kessinger and Walter Philips, of Lock Haven, caught 102 fish, the largest being a bass measuring 14 inches, caught by Mrs. Lloyd Eberhart.

A Luck Escape.

A party of tourists crossing the Seven mountains on Tuesday of last week had a lucky escape from a serious accident when their car left the bridge at Long Mountain and plunged into the creek. Miss Agnes Lingle, of Spring Mills, had her right leg broken and suffered some minor injuries. Others of the party escaped injury.

Baby Chick Is Laying.

One of the flock of baby chicks purchased from the Nittany valley hatchery on April 5th by T. L. Crust, of Philipsburg, is now a pullet and in the laying class, having laid its first egg last Thursday.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

J. P. Weiser, of Williamsport, transacted business in Bellefonte and State College this week.

Edward Keichline, of McKeesport, spent Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Keichline.

Mr. and Mrs. William King, of Niagara Falls, have been visiting relatives and friends in this section this week.

Mrs. Margaret Meek returned to her home in Altoona on Wednesday afternoon after visiting relatives in this section.

J. O. Brewer and family returned home on Tuesday after enjoying a vacation in Syracuse, N. Y., and nearby points.

Miss Ann Confer was an arrival home this week from Cleveland, Ohio, where she spent several weeks with her brother.

Dr. Walter Stewart, of WilkesBarre, motored to Bellefonte on Wednesday and is the guest of his mother, Mrs. Patsy Stewart.

J. R. Knight, of Williamsport, transacted business in Bellefonte the forepart of the week and left Thursday on a business trip to Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Stewart Rockey and two children returned to their home in Altoona on Wednesday after visiting relatives in State College and Bellefonte.

The annual election of officers of the Bellefonte W. C. T. U. will be held in their room in Petriken Hall, this Friday afternoon, Sept. 10. All members are urged to be present.

Mitchell Musser, a native of Penn's valley who has been located in South Dakota for a number of years, was an arrival this week and is visiting relatives and friends in Centre County.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh N. Crider, of Bellefonte, and Mrs. Elizabeth Dayton and little child, of Williamsport, on Monday motored to Manasquan, N. J., where they will occupy a bungalow for several weeks.

Mrs. Richard Weston is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Clarence Ball, and the latters daughter, Alsce, of Rochester, N. Y. At a party given for Alice Wednesday afternoon a number of children residing in the neighborhood were present.

The Board of Trustees of the Bellefonte Methodist Episcopal church on Monday evening awarded Edward Hepburn the contract for taking down the upper part of the church steeple which has for some time past been considered unsafe.

A meeting of all temperance forces of Centre Co. is called for Saturday afternoon, Sept. 11th, in Petriken Hall, Bellefonte. All men and women interested are urged to be present at this meeting. Matters of great importance will be considered. All Christian citizens should be there.

St. John's Lutheran church, which has been closed for several months undergoing repairs, will be opened with special re dedicatory services on Sunday, Sept. 12. At 10.45 A. M. Dr. Charles T. Aikens, president of Susquehanna University, will preach the sermon and have charge of the services. Miss Ruth L. Coxey and Mrs. Lief Olsen will sing a duet. W. E. Swope, of Altoona, will sing "The Publican." At 7.30 P. M. Dr. Charles S. Bauslin, secretary of the Board of Education of the United Lutheran church in America, will deliver the address. Miss Russie M. Cole will sing "My Task" and W. E. Swope will sing "The Lord is My Shepherd." The public is invited to these services.

Aviator "Slim" Lewis on returning to Bellefonte from Washington one day this week brought with him a bone handled pocket knife which Miss Verna Chambers had given Max Miller and which the latter had with him when his plane dropped and resulted in his death at Morristown, N. J. last week. The handle of the knife originally was white, but when returned to Miss Chambers it was burned to a dark brown color. Aviators who were with Max Miller shortly before he started on his ill-fated flight said that he had not been feeling well. They are of the belief that he either fainted while operating the engine of his plane, or that his mechanician, who also was killed, had taken charge of the plane because of Miller's illness. Miller's right leg was torn nearly off and his left arm burned to a crisp. That his whole body must have been enveloped in flames would seem to be borne out by the fact that the small knife referred to and which he carried in his trousers pocket was so badly scorched.

Win Prizes at Skating Rink.

At the masquerade held at the skating rink in Bellefonte on last Friday evening a big crowd gathered and watched the many grotesque and funny costumes. Miss Gertie Taylor, dressed as a spook, won first lady's prize of $4; George W. Friedly, barber at Harry Rhul's shop, dressed as a clown, won first gentleman's prize of $4; and Ralph Hassinger, dressed as an old negro, won the $2 prize for funniest character.

Predicts Influenza Epidemic.

Health Commissioner Robertson, of Chicago, predicts another epidemic of influenza this fall and winter and is urging women to enroll as student nurse and be prepared to help care for those who will be taken sick.

Real Estate Transfers.

Recorder William H. Brown has recorded the following real estate transfers.

W. F. Gebret, et al, to C. T. Gilbert, et al, tract in Rush Twp.; $1.

Harry E. Breon, et ux, to Rebecca Weaver, tract in Spring Twp.; $1,650.

Wm. M. Grove to J. A. Wagner, tract in Gregg Twp.; $195.

A. Walter's trustees to J. W. O. Housman, tract in Millheim; $300.

Jennie E. Harvey, et ux, to Victor S. Weston, tract in Philipsburg; $3,000.

Harry E. Breon, et ux, to Elias Breon, tract in Spring Twp.; $150.

John Orwick, et ux, to Harriet F. Orwick, tract in Taylor Twp.; $1,300.

Geo. M. Stover to A. A. Stover, tract in Haines Twp.; $350.

Robert S. Pritchard to James J. Markle, tract in State College; $7,000.

Ellis L. Orvis, et al, executors, to Moshannon Coal Mining Company, tract in Rush Twp.; $22,500.

Louisa Bush to J. Clyde Jodon, tract in Spring Twp.; $1,500.

J. Howard Musser, et ux, to Allen L. Baker, tract in State College; $6,500.

Josephine R. Brew, et al, to Benjamin Bradley, Jr., tract in Bellefonte $600.

Harvey D. Rossman, executor, to C. W. Luse, tract in Gregg Twp.; $4,130.

J. Milo Campbell, et ux, to J. Howard Musser, tract in State College; $6,000.

Wm. F. Ertley, et ux, to Jennie B. Pierce, tract in State College; $7,000.

Edward H. Myers, et ux, to Thomas E. Gravatt, tract in State College; $4,000.

T. M. Gramley, et ux, to Claude G. Aikens, tract in Spring Mills; $600.

S. K. Hostetter, et al, to Claude G. Aikens, tract in State College; $2,250.

S. K. Hostetter, et al, to Wm. F. Ertley, tract in State College; $4,650.

Mary Olds Foster, et al, to Tau Co., of Delta Tau Delta Fraternity, tract in State College; $20,000.

Elizabeth Swift, et al, to John Todd Harvey, et ux, tract in Philipsburg; $1,150.

Elmer Franklin Wolf Dead.

Elmer Franklin Wolf, a native of Aaronsburg, died at his home in Altoona on Saturday from a complication of diseases. He was born December 26, 1862 and was married December 4, 1881, to Ida P. Miller, of Logan Mills. He leaves his wife and the following children: Edward C., of Philadelphia; Mrs. Charles Oyer and Miss Pearl Wolf of Pittsburg; Mrs. P. D. VanValen, of India; Mrs. C. C. Thomas, of Bellwood; John, Adam and Russell, of Altoona and Earl, Roy, Walter, Beatrice and Harold at home in Altoona. Funeral services were held Wednesday and burial made in Rose Hill cemetery, Altoona.

John Fogleman Killed.

John Fogleman, of Buffalo Run, died last Thursday a short time after he was run over by one of the cars in the quarry of the Centre County Lime Co. The car was being drawn by a horse and the horse jerked him from the car and in the car's path. A strange coincidence was that the horse he had been driling fell over an embankment the day before and was killed. He leaves his wife, whose maiden name was Jennie Holderman, and two children. He also leaves a number of brothers and sisters. Funeral services were conducted on Saturday afternoon and burial made in Myers cemetery.

Mrs. Thomas Donachy Dead.

Mrs. Mary Donachy, widow of Thomas Donachy, died at her home on Bishop street on Wednesday morning from hemorrhage of the lungs. She was a daughter of the late Benjamin and Hannah Schrock and was born in Bellefonte 70 years ago. She resided in this section all her life excepting about two years in Lock Haven. She was an ardent member of the Methodist church and was held in high esteem by her many friends. Two brothers, John and Christ Schrock, of Altoona, survive. Funeral services will be conducted by Rev. Scott and burial made in Union cemetery.

Mrs. Anna Burge Dead.

Mrs. Anna Burge, mother of Mrs. Ellen Moore, of Clarence, died Tuesday, August 24, while visiting with another daughter, Mrs. Edward Farber, of Punxsutawney. The deceased was the widow of the late John Burge and was a highly respected citizen of Morrisdale. She was the mother of 15 children, 11 of whom survive.

Penny-A-Word Column

FOR SALE—One extension table cheap. Toner Hugg, Milesburg, Pa.

FOR SALE—Fifty houses. J. M. Keichline.

PROPERTY—Dwelling house at Milesburg for sale. Toner A. Hugg, Milesburg, Pa.

FOR SALE—One combination bookcase and writing desk; one extension table; one good clarianet. T. A. Hugg, Milesburg, Pa.

BELGIAN HARES—Pure Bred Belgian Hares for sale. Non-related stock; all ages; price reasonable. H. M. Stere, Fleming, Pa. 3t.

SEE THOSE brown and gray suitings around at Stickler's Tailor Shop on West Bishop Street. 1t

REMNANTS of suiting; pantaloon lengths; best kind of cloth at half price at Stickler's, the tailor, Bishop St., Bellefonte. 1-t

FOR SALE.—5 passenger automobile in good condition. Reason for selling—have no use for it, cannot run it. Inquire 119 East Howard street, Bellefonte.

EARN $30.00 WEEKLY showing samples for large cut-rate grocery mail order house. Men wanted everwhere. Sample case free. The Independent Association, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—Men to work on college farms; general farm work, by day or month; good wages. Inquire of C. L. Goodling, superintendent of College Farms, State College, Pa.

FOR SALE—Modern home, 6 rooms, electric light, furnace, lot 100 x 150 feet, lots of fruit, peaches, pears, plums, apples, cherries, grapes, good garden, etc. Inquire Bert Poorman, Bellefonte Pa. tf

HELP WANTED—Exceptional opportunity for salesmen and good talker. Experience not necessary. All or part time. Greatest talked of and most needed commodity in the world. P. O. Box 872, Pittsbergh, Pa.

DISTRIBUTORS WANTED.—For best Ford accessory ever invented. Every owner wants it. The only positive water pump for Fords. No mechanic needed to install. Some excellent territory still open for financially responsible representatives. Big profits. Address Amalga Prodnets Corp., 2554 W. Fillmore St., Chicago.

AGENTS:—$100 weekly possible introducing sensational new winter automobile fuel. Specially adapted to cold weather. Starts easy. Adds power, mileage and reduces operating expense. Endorsed by thousands. Territory going like wildfire. Act quick. $28 sample outfit free. L. Ballwey, Dept. 1001 Louisville, Ky.

FARM FOR SALE—78 acre Askey farm, one mile N. E of Howard. 8 room house, bank barn, approximately 40 acres good tillable land, 26 acres ridgeland, 12 acres timber land. limestone quarry, Fairview school and church 300 yards from farm house. Offers will be received until October 1st 1920 with non-sale privilege reserved. Address Mrs. Weber Thomas, Owner, Howard, Centre Co., Penna.

REGISTER'S NOTICE

The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed for record in the Register's Office, for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in anyways interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre County for confirmation Nisi, on Wednesday, September 29th, 1920:

1 SHAFFER—The first and final account of Thomas S. Hazel, execr. of etc., of William B. Shaffer, late of Walker Twp., deceased.

2 HUNTER—The first and final account of Anna Mary Hunter, and J. Dorsey Hunter, execrs. of etc., of John A. Hunter, late of Halfmoon Twp., deceased.

3 BROWN—The third and final account of Elizabeth N. Brown and James W. Swabb, admrs. of Lloyd Brown, late of Harris Twp., deceased.

4 GEHRET—The first and final account of C. M. Bower, guardian of Earl D. Gehret, as stated by John J. Bower, admr., of C. Bower, deceased.

5 MILLER—First triennial account of Roy H. Wagner, Guardian of Lawrence Miller and Franklin H. Miller, minor children of Bigler J. Miller, late of Franklin Twp., Huntingdon County, deceased.

6 WATSON—The first and final account of Mary C. Watson and I. S. Flegal, admrs., of etc., of William Watson, late of Burnside Twp., deceased.

7 WARNTZ—The first and final account of W. C. Warntz, admr., of etc., of Sarah A. Warntz, late of Haines Twp., deceased.

8 RUNKLE—The first and final account of Mary C. Runkle, admrx., of etc., of J. Maurice Runkle, late of College Twp., deceased.

9 WAGNER—The first and final account of A. Y. Wagner, admr., of etc., of Susan Wagner, late of Bellefonte Boro. deceased.

10 MYERS—The first and final account of John F. Myers, admr. of etc., of Joseph A. Myers, late of Spring Twp., deceased.

11 MUSSER—The first and final account of Elmer C. Musser and L. D Musser, execrs. of the last will and testament of John Musser, Jr., late of Ferguson Twp., deceased.

12 KOHLBECKER—The first and final account of Henry Kohlbecker, guardian of Emma Kohlbecker, of Boggs Twp., deceased.

13 KREAMER—The first and final account of H. C. Kreamer, admr., of etc., of A. M. Kreamer, late of Gregg Twp., deceased.

14 HAWORTH—The third and final account of John E. Fryberger and Mary Jane Haworth, execrs., of George W. Haworth, late of Philipsburg, deceased.

15 HUMMEL—The first and final account of Edgar Hummel, admr., of etc., of Marjorie A. Hummel, late of Rush Twp., deceased.

16 GLENN—The first and final account of David W. Miller, admr., c. t. a., of Sarah A. Glenn, late of Ferguson Twp., deceased.

17 GLENN—The first and final account of Elizabeth G. Glenn, execrx., of etc., of Elizabeth J. Glenn, late of Snow Shoe Boro., deceased.

18 McGILL—The first and final account of Charles E. Gilmour, execr., of etc., of Mary Ann McGill, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

19 EMIGH—The first and final account of Mrs. Ella Howe Emigh, admrx., of etc. of D., G. W. Emigh, late of Philipsburg Boro., deceased.

20 ECKENROTH—The first and final account of James Eckenroth, admr., of etc., of Earl Eckenroth, late of Spring Twp., deceased.

21 DAUGHERTY—The first and partial account of R. B Daugherty, execr., of etc., of Anson V. Daugherty, late of Snow Shoe Twp., deceased.

22 COBLE—The first and final account of Ralph J. Lowder, execr., of etc., of John Coble, late of State College Boro., deceased.

23 CLEVENSTINE—The first and partial account of Margaret J. Clevenstine, C. F. Clevenstine, Samuel J. Clevenstine and W. L. Clevenstine, Jr., admrs. of etc., of William L. Clevenstine, Sr., late of Walker Twp., deceased.

24 CLOSE—The first and final account of Clifford E. Close, admr., of etc., of John H. Close, late of Harris Twp., deceased.

25 FRAIN—The first and final account of Mary C. Mark and Cephas W. Frain, who survive Clara E. Womelsdorf, execrs of Isaac S. Frain, late of Marion Twp., deceased.

26 MILLER—The first and final account of George P. Miller, admr., of etc., of Abram V. Miller, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

27 TATE—The first and final account of Elizabeth A. Tate, admrx., of etc., of Frank D. Tate, late of Potter Twp., deceased.

28 GILLIAM—The second and final account of N. B. Spangler, Execr., of etc., of James S. Gilliam, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

29 KESSINGER—The first and final account of W. H. Austin, trustee appointed to sell real estate of Henry F. Kessinger, late of Liberty Twp., deceased.

30 LEATHERS—The final account of Joseph Leathers, surviving execr., under last will and testament of Samuel B. Leathers, late of Howard Twp., deceased.

31 DIETZ—The final account of William C. Dietz, execr., of etc., of J. Franklin Dietz, late of Howard Twp., deceased.

32 KNOX—The final account of Emma E Knox, admrx., of etc., of David G. Knox, late of Benner Twp., deceased.

33 VONADA—The first and final account of Amelia Swartz and N. H. Krape, execrs., of etc., of John Vonada, late of Walker Twp., deceased.

34 RAY—The first and final account of J. E. Lenker, admr., of etc., of Lucy E. Ray, late of College Twp., deceased.

35 BROWNE—The first and final account of Kathryn M. Browne, admrx., of etc., of Richard S. Browne, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

36 GATES—The first and final account of George W. Gates, execr., of etc., of Henry Gates, late of Taylor Twp., deceased.

37 BEAVER—The first and final account of Commonwealth Trust Company of Harrisburg, admr., of etc., of James A. Beaver, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

38 BAUMGARDNER—The first and final account of Mary C. Baumgardner, execrx., of etc., of J. S. Baumgardner, late of State College Boro., deceased.

39 ARMBRUSTER—The first and final account of H. D. Rossman, execr., of the last will and testament of Gottlieb D. Armbruster, late of Gregg Twp., deceased.

40 HECKMAN—The first and final account of Adam P. Heckman, admr., of etc., of William G. B. Heckman, late of Miles Twp. deceased.

41 MOYER—The first and final account of Mifflin K. Moyer, execr., of etc., of James M. Moyer, late of Miles Twp., deceased.

42 FETZER—The first and final account of Albert N. Bierly, Trustee appointed to sell the real estate of Harry M. Fetzer, late of Boggs Twp., deceased.

43 BOTTS—The first and final account of Margaret J. Botts, Admrx. of etc. of William M. Botts, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

Frank Sasserman,
Register,
Register's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 1, 1920.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels, set apart to widows, in accordance with the provisions of the Fiduciaries Act of 1917, have been confirmed Nisi by the Court and if no exceptions are filed on or about the first day of the next Term the same will be confirmed absolutely.

1 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Joseph Alfred Witmer, late of College Twp., was set apart to his widow, Gertrude Witmer.

2 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Moses Hurwitz, late of State College Boro., was set apart to his widow, Edith Hurwitz.

3 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Wm. Franklin McClellan, late of Potter Twp., was set apart to his widow, Carrie L. McClellan.

4 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Paul H. Williams, late of Philipsburg Boro., was set apart to his widow, Edna E. Williams.

5 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Michael H. Grove, late of Spring Twp., was set apart to his widow, Ida M. Grove.

6 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of William Watson, late of Burnside Twp., was set apart to his widow, Mary C. Watson.

7 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Thomas B. Budinger, late of Snow Shoe Boro., was set apart to his widow, Alice E. Budinger.

8 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Harry J. Baker, late of Walker Twp., was set apart to his widow, Anna C. Baker.

9 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Calvin R. Neff, late of Potter Twp., was set apart to his widow, Mary Elizabeth Neff.

10 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Dittmar Grebe, late of Philipsburg Boro., was set apart to his widow Rejina Grebe.

11 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Samuel Durst, late of Centre Hall Boro., was set apart to his widow Alice Durst.

12 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Thomas B. Jamison late, Gregg Twp., was set apart to his widow, Jennie H. Jamison.

13 The inventory and appraisement of the real and personal property of William M. Weaver, late of Spring Township, was set apart to his widow Carrie Weaver, as follows, to wit:

Household goods, etc	$79.00
Real Estate	$300.00

14 The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of J. Will Conley, late of Bellefonte Boro., was set apart to his widow, Anna M. Conley.

15 The inventory and appraisement of John H. Baney, late of Howard Borough, was set apart to his widow, Cora Baney.

Notice is hereby given that there has been appraised and set apart to Margaret Snavely, widow of Henry Snavely, late of Penn Twp., deceased, real estate containing six acres and eleven perches to the value of $12.00, under the Act of June 17, 1917.

Frank Sasserman,
Register & C. O. C.
Bellefonte Pa. Sept. 1, 1920.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, No. 47 May Term 1920.
Sylvester R. Walk vs. Florence Walk.
IN RE DIVORCE.

To Florence Walk:—Whereas, your husband, Sylvester R. Walk, has filed a libel in the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, No. 47 May Term, 1920, praying for a divorce against you and now you are hereby notified to appear on or before the First Monday of October 1920, to answer the complaint of your husband, Sylvester R. Walk and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Sylvester R. Walk should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered with you and in default of such appearance you will be liable to have a divorce granted in your absence.

Harry Dukeman,
Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Bellefonte, Pa.
September 1st 1920.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Henry C. Quigley, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th, Judicial District, consisting of the County of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date the 20th day of August 1920, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the FOURTH MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER, being the 27th day of Sept., A. D. 1920 and to continue as business may require.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen also Constables that may have business in their respective districts, requiring reporting to Court that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 27th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 20th day of August, in the year of our Lord 1920, and the one hundred and forty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Harry Dukeman,
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office.
Bellefonte, Pa.
August 20th 1920.

We feel that we are equipped for any business relating to banking. Long experience has given us confidence in our ability to serve you.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Trust Company
BELLEFONTE, PA

Why You Should Make A Will

To Protect Your Loved Ones. To Safeguard Your Estate

By making a Will you can appoint the Bellefonte Trust Company as your Executor or Trustee.

You can thus assure to your heirs the business management and financial responsibility which this institution affords.

You wishes can be observed in the distribution of your property, for if you do not leave a Will the law may divide up your possessions in a way that you might not desire.

How Have You Made Your Will?

Do not write your own Will. "Home-made" Wills are dangerous and often cause law-suits, because, when drawing a Will, the law must be known both as to wording and terms. Consult a lawyer to day about the making of your Will and have him name the Bellefonte Trust Company to act as your Executor and Trustee.

J. L. SPANGLER, President — C. T. GERBERICH, Vice President — N. B. ROBB, Secy. & Treas.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

Greenwood's Appeal to Ireland

Sir Hamar Greenwood, chief secretary for Ireland, (portrait herewith) says: "There has never been a time when the Irish executive, the British cabinet, and the house of commons were more desirous of settling this age-long Irish question and we are ready to welcome representation from every quarter as to the best method of solution."

According to the preponderance of press representation there are three voices from Ireland that are gradually making themselves heard above the confusion. Two of them proceed from the two extreme Irish factions: one from the Orangemen of the north who insist upon maintaining the Irish system as it is; and the other from the Sinn-Feiners, who demand independence. Between these policies lies the middle course of dominion government, backed by the Irish Dominion league. The founder of this league and leader of moderate Irish Nationalist opinion, Sir Horace Plunkett, is authority for the statement in a public speech that the situation in Ireland is more gravely alarming than it has been within his knowledge of sixty years. The leader of the Unionists, Sir Edward Carson, has expressed a very similar view. He said during a debate in the house of commons that he had never known anything like the state of anarchy prevailing.

Sir Hamar Greenwood appealed to all parties and creeds to support the government, and predicts an even worse situation than the present if his appeal is not heeded.

Curtis Renominated in Kansas

Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas has been nominated in the Republican primary for re-election. Public attention was directed to this primary because there was a feeling that it was in a way a test of the sentiment in the Sunflower state about the industrial relations court law that calls for compulsory arbitration of disputes when the public welfare is involved. Gov. Henry J. Allen, the author of this unique Kansas law, was also a candidate for nomination for re-election. There seemed to be an idea that Allen and Curtis were in the same boat and would sink or swim together. Allen's victory was sweeping.

Senator Curtis was elected to the United States senate in 1907 to fill out the unexpired term of Senator J. R. Burton, resigned, succeeding Senator A. W. Benson, appointed ad interim. In 1912 he received the popular vote for the senatorial nomination, but lost under the district plan. In 1913 Kansas adopted the direct primary and in 1914 he gained the nomination over Senator J. L. Bristow and in the election defeated Neeley, Democrat, and Murdock, Progressive.

Senator Curtis is a "native son," having been born in Topeka in 1860. He got his schooling in the Topeka schools, studied law in Topeka and was admitted to the bar in 1881. He was elected to the Fifty-third congress and served eight successive terms.

New Law Retires Gen. J. E. Stuart

The provisions of the new civil service retirement law resulted in the discharge by Postmaster General Burleson's orders of 150 postal employees at Chicago and their efforts at reinstatement attracted the attention of the whole country. The result of their efforts was that 11 of the 150 have been notified that recommendations for their reappointment had been filed with the civil service commissioners.

One of the veterans not named among the 11 is Gen. James E. Stuart, aged seventy-eight, chief postal inspector for the last four decades.

At twenty he rescued his country's flag in the battle of Stone River. He was cited twice during the Civil war for bravery, and was mustered out in command of a regiment. A year later he entered the postal service but still kept up his military work. In the fifty years following he became one of the best known postal inspectors in the United States, and climbed to the rank of brigadier general in the Illinois national guard.

He entered the postal service in 1866, in charge of the second railway mail car in service. In 1876 he was appointed to his present office, a position he has held continuously for forty-four years.

"I have the record for continuous employment in the service of my government," he said. "I have been in that service for sixty-six years, fifty-four of which I have spent in the postoffice."

Ferris Defeats Gore for Senate

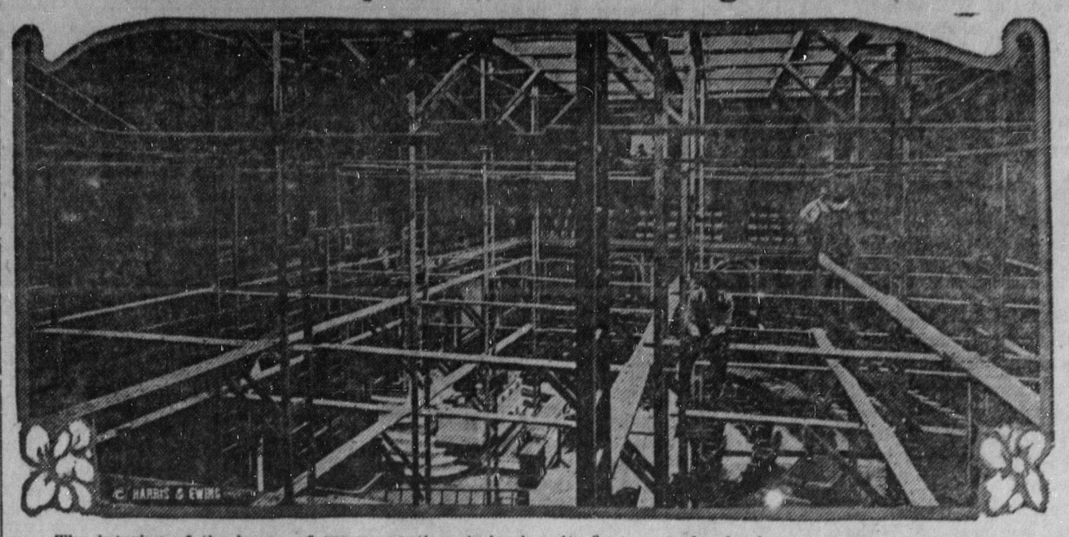
Representative Scott Ferris has defeated Senator Thomas P. Gore for the Democratic nomination for United States senator from Oklahoma. The primary contest had features out of the ordinary which attracted widespread attention. In the first place, Senator Gore is blind and it has been held in Oklahoma that a sentimental vote would keep him in his seat for years. He has served since 1907 and his majority in 1914 was over 46,000.

In the second place Senator Gore was the author of the Gore resolution of 1916, warning Americans not to travel on belligerent ships, which was decisively beaten in the senate. Later he voted for the Lodge reservations to the League of Nations.

Scott Ferris on the other hand, has been a warm supporter of the presidential policies in the lower house. So the political sharps profess to see considerable significance in his victory over Senator Gore.

Representative Ferris was elected to the Sixtieth congress and is serving his seventh successive term. Before the Republicans gained control of the house he was chairman of the important public lands committee.

House of Representatives Is Being Renovated



The interior of the house of representatives is having its first coat of paint in some years, since this is the first summer in several years that congress has not been in extra session. The renovations and repairs are being made without regard to the possibility that the house will be enlarged from its present 435 members to about 500, based on new population figures.

Mexican Border Is Little Known

No Region in All North America More Widely Misunderstood, Says Writer.

TRIP FULL OF CONTRASTS

No Section of Borderland Has Seen So Much of Adventure, Tragedy and Turbulent Activity as State of Texas.

Washington, D. C.—"No region in all North America is more frequently mentioned or more widely misunderstood, perhaps, than the Mexican border," writes Frederick Simpich, formerly American consul at Nogales, Mexico, to the National Geographic society.

"From the Gulf of Mexico up to El Paso, along the Texas frontier, the Rio Grande forms the boundary between the United States and Mexico; thence to the Pacific coast the line is marked by stone or iron monuments (save a short break at the Colorado), so set that one is supposed to be visible from another. By this plan a soldier, miner or cowman (yes, and a smuggler, too) can always tell which side of the line he is on; or, if wholly lost and he comes suddenly on a monument, he can soon get oriented.

"Adventurous, colorful and full of contrasts as it is, the 1,800 mile trip along this crooked, historic line is rough and difficult, and has been made by few people.

"The Rio Grande part of this border has caused both Uncle Sam and Mexico much work and mental anguish. During bad floods the line as formed by the river squirms around in so astonishing and lively a manner that what is Mexican soil one day may be in Texas the next, and vice versa.

Bigness of Texas.

"Railroads cut this long border line at Brownsville, Laredo, Eagle Pass, and El Paso, Tex.; at Douglas, Naco and Nogales in Arizona, and at Calexico and Tia Juana, in California. Only four of these railroads, however, are main lines of through traffic that penetrate the interior of Mexico; these start at Laredo, Eagle Pass, El Paso and Nogales.

"You visualize the bigness of Texas when you look at the length of its side that borders on Mexico. You realize its emptiness, too, when you travel through some of its border regions, where the population is less than two per square mile.

"No section of the border has seen so much of adventure, tragedy and turbulent activity as Texas. The flags of France, Spain and Mexico have waved over it; for a time it flew its own Lone Star and also the Confederate flag.

"In Brownsville you hear more Spanish than English, because most of the 8,000 people who live there are Mexicans.

"Up the river from Brownsville lies Laredo, most important border town in south Texas, even if an old map does call this vicinity 'a wilderness filled with wild horses.'

"Eagle Pass, on up the Rio Grande, was a favorite camping spot for the California gold hunters in '49.

"As you follow the border west, oaks, pines and underbrush decrease, aridity increases, and cacti lift their thorny heads. Border counties like Brewster, Presidio and El Paso are of amazing area—larger than some of our small eastern states. Windmills are everywhere—big 'electric fans to keep the cattle cool,' a waggish cowboy once explained to a London tenderfoot.

Largest Irrigation Reservoir.

"El Paso is the only large city from 'San Antone' to Los Angeles, a ride of 1,500 dry, dusty miles.

"The largest reservoir anywhere is the great Elephant Butte dam, which stores more water than the world-famous Assuan dam on the Nile. This big dam, built in the Rio Grande above El Paso at a point in New Mexico, holds enough water, we are told, 'to fill a standpipe 11 feet in diameter reaching from El Paso to the moon, or to cover Massachusetts to a depth of six inches!'

"From the point at monument No. 1 where the boundary line crawls out of the Rio Grande (at the southeast corner of New Mexico), it strikes west into a wilderness of singularly dry and empty aspect. For 40 miles along this march the traveler must carry his own water.

"To the west lie the rough, hostile foothills of the Dog mountains; near here, in the San Luis range, the line reaches a point of 6,600 feet above the sea, marking the continental divide.

"In the San Bernardino valley the line strikes the first running water after quitting the Rio Grande—192 miles to the east. Here rises the famous Yaqui river, that long, crooked stream that meanders through the vast Mexican state of Sonora and through the turbulent Yaqui Indian zone, finally emptying into the Gulf of California below Guaymas.

"In the whole 700-mile stretch from the Rio Grande to the Pacific, this line crosses only five permanent running streams, and the average rainfall throughout its length is only eight inches.

"Save the hamlets of Columbus and Hachita, the New Mexican section of this border is almost uninhabited."

Triple Followed by Double and Single

Louisville, Ky.—"Bunk" Jones was pacing the floor as prospective fathers are wont.

"Triplets," was the announcement.

"Bunk" Jones continued to pace the floor, as prospective grandfathers are wont. An hour passed.

"Twins."

"Bunk" Jones did not alter his course. He still paced the floor. Another hour passed.

"A granddaughter."

And there are six howling good reasons why "Bunk" Jones, farmer near Murray, is "all smiles."

Before his wife, who is forty-two, gave birth to triplets, Mrs. Willie Jones, daughter-in-law, was sent for. An hour after arrival of the triplets Mrs. Jones presented "grandaddy" with twins.

Meantime Mrs. Asiah Parks, a daughter, had been called in to attend the two mothers. Within less than an hour, she too, had become a mother, a daughter completing the sextet born in the same house within three hours.

Recognize No Courts But Own

Sinn Fein Closes Courthouses to All Except Their Own Judiciary.

MAKE SERVICE COMPULSORY

Local Councils Appeal to All Irishmen of Military Age to Undergo Course of Training in Republican Army.

Dublin.—Intensity of public sentiment in Ireland against British rule is evidenced by the actions of the recently elected Sinn Fein local councils. Westmeath county council has decided that all courthouses in the county shall be closed and the government officials resident in them evicted.

The Irish volunteers have been ordered to see that no judges are allowed to enter the buildings for the purpose of holding any courts not recognized by the Dail Eireann, or republican parliament. Some councils have passed resolutions to raise contributions for the maintenance of the republican army.

Make Service Compulsory.

At Claremorris, County Mayo, the local council has adopted a resolution appealing to all Irishmen of military age to undergo a course of training in the republican army, and will not give any position in the service of the council to men who have not undergone such training. In other places the local councils have decided to cut off the water supply from the police and military barracks. At Enniscorthy, County Wexford, where this was done, the authorities promptly hit back and the council room was raided by police and soldiers.

Meetings have just been held throughout Ireland for the purpose of selecting the judges who are to preside over the Sinn Fein parish courts. Those courts have jurisdiction in all cases under $50 in value, and it is intended that their judges shall eventually be elected by the votes of the people in whose districts they operate.

Regularly Elected Later.

Pending the organization of electoral machinery for the purpose they have been selected by a conference composed of members of the Dail Eireann for the constituency, the members of the county council, one clergyman for each denomination from each parish, the members of the urban and rural councils, one representative of each Sinn Fein club, one member of each company of volunteers and one representative of each trades union body. The judges so selected are to act till December, when there will be a regular election by ballot of the voters.

At Limerick, the police invaded a Sinn Fein court and seized the papers, but scores of courts are held every day and interference is not attempted because their time and place of meeting are usually kept secret except to the parties concerned. In some places, however, the courts are held as openly as the king's courts.

YANKS ROUT YELLOW ROGUES

American Gunboat Pursues Chinese Brigands in Upper Reaches of Yangtsze River.

Shanghai.—Brigands who have terrorized the upper reaches of the Yangtsze river in recent months found a sudden check put upon their activities when American and British gunboats were dispatched into the upper river from Shanghai, according to reports.

The gunboats were sent up to Chunking after outlaws took possession of the Robert Dollar II of the Robert Dollar company at Shanghai at Wanhsien in Szechuen province, and were frightened away only by the timely appearance of the American gunboat Palos, which came in response to distress signals.

Messages to Shanghai said the bandits vanished into the hills on the appearance of the gunboats.

AUSTRIA ENDS GRAIN CONTROL

Socialists Are Beaten by Big Vote on Food Measure by Combination.

Vienna.—Austria has abolished government control of her domestic grain supply after a bitter political fight in which the advanced parties were defeated by an overwhelming vote of the combined Christian socialist-grosse Deutsche parties.

Government control, it was alleged, was a "farce."

The economic experts of the socialist wing declared the control act a reactionary measure in favor of the agrarian element and predicted that bread prices would rise because of it.

Advocates of the measure, on the other hand, insisted that in spite of laws the farmer withheld his foodstuffs from the government requisition and sold to the "left-hand" trade.

HAS NO PAIN NOW

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did for Mrs. Warner.

Onalaska, Wis.—"Every month I had such pains in my back and lower part of stomach I could not lie in bed. I suffered so it seemed as though I would die, and I was not regular either. I suffered for a year and was unfit to do my housework, could only wash dishes once in a while. I read an advertisement of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for other women and decided to try it. It surely did wonders for me. I have no pains now and I can do my housework without any trouble at all. I will always praise your medicine as I do not believe there is a doctor that can do as much good in female weakness, and you may use these facts as a testimonial."—Mrs. LESTER E. WARNER, R. 1, Box 69, Onalaska, Wis.

The reason women write such letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. and tell their friends how they are helped is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives. Freed from their illness they want to pass the good news along to other suffering women that they also may be relieved.

VICTIMS RESCUED

Kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles are most dangerous because of their insidious attacks. Heed the first warning they give that they need attention by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for these disorders, will often ward off these diseases and strengthen the body against further attacks. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Cuticura Soap Clears the Skin and Keeps it Clear

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

"Eatonic, in Four Days Did Me $20 Worth of Good"

So writes Mr. Edward W. Bragg of Mecca, Ind., who suffered from stomach troubles for a long time but could not find anything to help him, but at last had faith enough to give eatonic a test. It quickly removed the excess acids and poisonous gases from the body and the misery disappeared. Of course, when the cause of the trouble is removed, the sufferer must get well. Eatonic is quick, sure and safe, and the lasting benefits come in new strength, life and pep. Your druggist will supply you with eatonic at a trifling cost and every ailing person should get it today. Adv.

KILLS PESKY BED BUGS P. D. Q.

A 35c box of P. D. Q. makes a full quart of the strongest bug killer on earth.

The new chemical, P. D. Q.—Pesky Devil's Quietus—puts the everlasting to bed-bugs, roaches, ants and fleas. Pesky bed-bugs can't exist where P. D. Q. is used, as it leaves a coating on their eggs and prevents hatching.

A box of P. D. Q. goes farther than a barrel of old-fashioned bug killer. P. D. Q. will not rot or stain clothing, kills fleas on dogs. Your druggist has it or he can get it for you, or sent prepaid on receipt of price by the Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, Indiana.

—why?

A man at sixty years of age is either a failure or a success. BEECHAM'S PILLS have been made for sixty years and have the largest sale of any medicine in the world! Millions use

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Take the golden mean—the middle of the road — in whatever you do. Avoid extremes.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills restore regularity without griping.—Adv.

Not the Reason.

Church—It is said that Naples is one of the few European cities where rents have remained very low.

Gotham—Oh, then it wasn't the high rents that made Vesuvius so hot?

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean - Clear and Healthy

Write For Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

W. N. U., PITTSBURGH, NO. 37--1920.

WEALTH IN WEST

Canadian Farmers Confident of Record Grain Crop.

Boston Banker, Returning From Trip Through the Country, Tells of Rich Yields of Great Northwestern Wheat Fields.

A Boston banker, desiring to recuperate from a season of strenuous work, did what most bankers do, or should do, took a holiday, away from the confines of the city life. Canada was in his mind. He would make the trip, learn something of the country, breathe of its ozone and return exhilarated both in mind and body. On his return a few days ago, he told the reporter of the Wall Street Journal of the richness of the vast fields of golden grain that he saw on his trip through the Canadian West. Doubtless he broke his journey into the Canadian Rockies long enough to make an inspection of them. Who could help it, as from the car window were to be seen miles and miles of golden stooks, ranged row upon row away back to the lines of the horizon? He must have done so, for when he got back to the Hub, he was filled with enthusiasm over his trip and what he saw in Canada, and he had to get it off his mind. It was revealed in this way:

"Canada is getting strong, recovering by leaps and bounds from the depression caused by war. While unrest and lack of co-operation seem to be holding things back on this side of the border the Dominion to the north faces an era of unprecedented activity and prosperity. One of the basic reasons for this brilliant comeback is the rich yield of the great northwestern wheat fields."

That the crops in Canada, both east and west, are meeting the expectations of the farmers is a satisfying fact, which gives a positive assurance of a yield that will mean millions of dollars to the wealth of the country. There will probably be as much as two hundred million bushels of wheat to export, giving an added wealth to the country of nearly half a billion dollars. In all parts the crop yield promises to be abundant, and with favorable weather from now on there may be expected a harvest that will equal if not surpass that of 1915. It will doubtless be pleasing to the many readers of this paper to know that the friends they have developing their farms in this region of big crops and good prices will participate in this wealth, and what will be more pleasing, is the knowledge of the fact that the wealth in which they will participate comes from big prices for a product produced from land purchased at a cheap price.

Western Canada has never known a failure in crops. There are districts where partial failures have been, but consideration should be given to the fact that the country, that portion of it in which the present grain growing lies, is from seven to eight hundred miles in length by half that distance in breadth.

Because one speaks of the wonderful success of grain growing there, there should not be lost sight of the fact that this is only one item in the wealth-producing possibilities. There is cattle raising, with all the advantages in every way that it possesses anywhere; the dairying industry is assuming remarkable proportions, and a great deal of attention is given to the development of this industry, which is so adaptable to the country, by both federal and provincial governments.—Advertisement.

The girl who paints her lips has poor taste—or at least the man who kisses her thinks so.

"Cold in the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Those subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the system, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Hard to Tell.

"Why do women cry at a wedding?"

"I don't know. I can't make up my mind if it's the bride or the groom they are sorry for."

Get Back Your Health!

Are you dragging around day after day with a dull backache? Are you tired, and lame mornings—subject to headaches, dizzy spells and sharp, stabbing pains? Then there's surely something wrong. Probably it's kidney weakness! Don't wait for more serious kidney trouble. Get back your health and keep it. For quick relief get plenty of sleep and exercise and use *Doan's Kidney Pills*. They have helped thousands. *Ask your neighbor!*

A Pennsylvania Case

Geo. Lutz, 516 6th Ave., New Brighton, Pa., says: "My back pained badly at times and my joints ached steadily. My kidneys acted irregularly and the secretions were always scanty and highly colored. I had awful headaches. My druggist recommended Doan's Kidney Pills for my trouble so I bought a box. One box of Doan's cured me completely and I have never had any kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

SUN BIG FACTOR IN DRYING CORN

Dried Vegetable Is Delicious, Requires No Cans and Is Easy to Keep Stored.

QUICK WORK IS NECESSARY

Gather When Kernels Are in Milk Stage, Before Glazing Has Begun —Dry Until Grains Are Hard and Semi-Transparent.

A vegetable which, when dried, is above criticism even by the most critical, is corn. Other kinds of garden products may or may not be liked by many people, but dried corn is the equal if not the superior of canned corn and can be used for practically as wide a variety of purposes. The following directions for drying it are those advised by the United States department of agriculture.

Any of the varieties of sweet corn having qualities desirable for table use will make a good dried product. Corn intended for drying should be gathered when in the milk stage, before glazing and hardening have begun and when the corn is in an ideal condition for immediate table use. It should be gathered only as it can be prepared for drying, as corn deteriorates rapidly.

Careful Preparation Essential.

Husk the ears and trim with a knife to remove any injuries. The silk need not be removed, as it can be readily separated from the corn after drying. Place the ears in wire baskets or wire-bottom boxes and plunge into boiling water for 8 to 12 minutes, or until the milk is set. A little salt may be added to the water if desired. Divide the corn into older and younger lots before blanching, as the younger ears require somewhat longer cooking than the older ones.

After cooking, remove corn from the water, allow it to drain and cool sufficiently to be handled and cut from the cobs with a strong, sharp knife, taking care that none of the cob is

This Club Girl Dries Corn on a Sloping Shelf Fastened to the Fence.

removed with the kernels. The glumes or the hull attachments at the tip of the grains are easily screened out after the corn becomes dry. Spread the kernels upon trays to a depth of one inch if drying is done in a drier, or one-eighth to five-eighths inch if the corn is to be dried in the sun. Stir the grains thoroughly several times during the drying to break up any compact masses.

Sun Factor in Drying Corn.

It is practically impossible to bring corn to a sufficient degree of dryness by the unaided heat of the sun. If corn is dried in the sun it should be finished by pouring into bread pans, placing in the oven of the stove, and warming to 160 degrees to 165 degrees F. for two hours. Whether the drying is done in the sun, in a cook-stove drier, or in a commercial drier, it should be continued until the grains are hard, semi-transparent, and will break with clean, glass-like fractures if crushed.

Before storing free the corn of silks, glumes, and bits of cob. This may be done by pouring the corn from one vessel to another in a strong draft. When the corn is dry, store in closely woven muslin bags or heavy paper bags. Tie tightly at the neck and place within a large bag, which also should be tightly tied.

Do not allow the drying process to stop from the time it is started until the corn is fairly dry. Corn is a product which contains considerable sugar and protein, and if the drying process is allowed to stop bacteria are apt to develop and souring take place. Protect it from insects. If sun drying is interrupted by cloudy weather or showers, remove corn to the stove and continue drying or the product may spoil.

For Shampooing Hair.

If you have oily hair, try, when shampooing it, the juice of one lemon instead of soap. Lemon cleans the hair and scalp perfectly and it cuts the oil.

Improve Coffee Flavor.

When making coffee sprinkle a little salt on the coffee before pouring on boiling water, and the flavor will be wonderfully improved.

USE GREEN TOMATOES TO MAKE MARMALADE

Recipe Given Out by Department of Agriculture.

Caramel Flavor Given by Increasing Heat at Very Last—Rind of Lemon and Orange Give Somewhat Different Effect.

(By U. S. Public Health Service).

To those who are fond of the piquant flavor of green tomatoes in made dishes, the following recipe for marmalade, given out by the department of agriculture, will be welcome:

Green Tomato Marmalade.

2 pounds green tomtatoes.
1½ cup of syrup.
One-half lemon and 1 orange, or one-quarter cup sugar.
2½ lemons (10 ounces).

Wash and trim tomatoes, cut into slices medium thick. Cut lemon and orange into very thin slices. (Be careful to pick out all seeds). Add sirup and sugar. A small amount of salt (one-eighth to one-fourth teaspoonful) is often considered advantageous; here, as always, it renders the sweet taste of sugar less cloying. Boiling orange peel for a few minutes in salted water prevents its hardening later, when cooked in sirup.

Heat slowly, stirring until well mixed, then simmer gently until the tomatoes are soft and the marmalade has the consistency of thick, heavy jam. This will require three to four hours. There should be about one pint of marmalade.

If a caramel flavor is liked, the heat may be slightly increased at the very last so that the jam darkens at the bottom next the kettle; but great care must be taken not to overdo this effect as the jam is easily scorched.

A somewhat different effect may be obtained by chopping the rind of lemon and orange. At the end of the long cooking process these bits of chopped rind seem much like chopped nuts.

Orange flavor in preserves does not last indefinitely, apart from the tang of the rind. Consequently this marmalade is best when only a few days or weeks old.

WATCH LABELS ON BOTTLES

Poisons Should Be Kept Under Lock and Key—Antidotes to Be Used.

(By United States Public Health Service.)

Accidental poisoning may be prevented to a very great extent by never tasting or taking anything into the mouth which is not plainly labeled. It is also very wise to put all poisons, when they must be kept on hand, in a safe place and under lock and key.

Sudden and severe sickness shortly after eating, drinking or taking medicine in a person who has been in good health, is often a symptom of poisoning.

If a number of persons who have eaten the same food become seriously ill after a meal, it is almost certain that they are suffering from poisoning, probably from that form of poisoning which is due to decayed, fermented or rotten food, and which is termed "ptomaine poisoning." Such accidents should always be reported to the department of health for careful investigation.

Send for a doctor at once. Direct the messenger to tell the doctor that the person has been poisoned and give the name of the suspected poison if possible, so that the doctor may bring the proper antidote.

Do not wait for the doctor to arrive but give an emetic to aid in ridding the body of the unabsorbed poison. Warm water, mustard and water, salt water, ipecac or other common emetic may be employed, or the patient's throat may be tickled to produce vomiting. Do not waste time in looking up the proper dose of an emetic and repeat if profuse vomiting does not result.

SALT PESKY FLEAS TO DEATH

Pests Usually Get Into House Through Basement or Other Places Where Dogs Sleep.

Last year was an unusually bad year for fleas about houses. The time is again at hand when, though the voice of the flea may not be heard in the land, his tickling will be felt in the flesh—unless the simple preventive is applied. Fleas usually get into the house from the basement or some place where dogs or other animals have slept. Make a thorough clean-up. Then sprinkle the floor well with salt and wet it down—not wet enough to cause it to run. It may be necessary to repeat this treatment two or three times at intervals of about three days.

HOUSEHOLD NOTES

Cold roast pork makes a nice mock chicken salad.

* * *

Fine white stockings make excellent wash cloths.

* * *

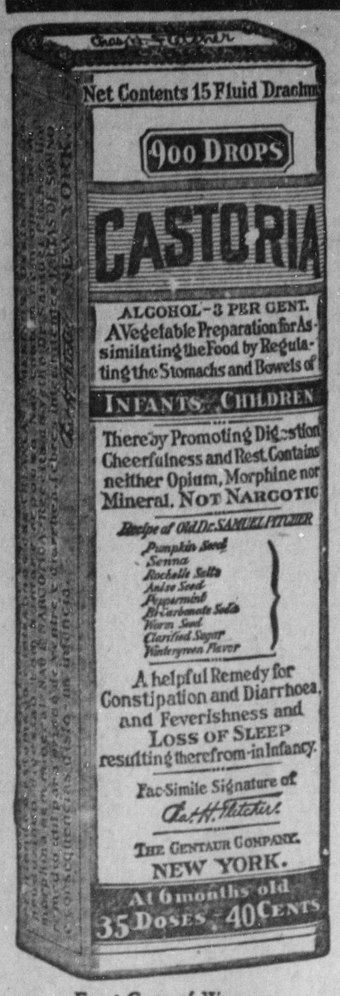
Canned or fresh blackberries make a delicious shortcake.

* * *

Cheese should never be placed in a tightly covered dish or jar.

* * *

If your cake frosting becomes sugary add a teaspoonful of vinegar to it.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900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food by Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Thereby Promoting Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi-Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea, and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom in Infancy.
Fac-Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 40 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant. Either practice is to be shunned. Neither would be tolerated by specialists in children's diseases.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach when in good health is too often disarranged by improper food. Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your *ailing* child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Another Kind.

"Do you see yonder house? I know for a fact there are spirits in it."

"A haunted house? How interesting! Do the spirits make a disturbance in the sleeping rooms?"

"No; they are kept in the cellar."

Freshen a Heavy Skin

With the antiseptic, fascinating Cuticurt Talcum Powder, an exquisitely scented convenient, economical face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume. Renders other perfumes superfluous. One of the Cuticura Toilet Trio (Soap, Ointment, Talcum).—Adv.

OF SAME ORIGIN AS COAL

Wood Believed to Be Basis of Jet, Substance Long Used for Various Ornaments.

Jet is a sort of lignite or anthracite, often cut and polished, which has the peculiarities in weight and texture of the hardest kind of anthracite. It has been used in Britain since before historic times, and was common in the bronze age, from which times have come jet beads, buttons, rings, armlets and other ornaments.

Julius Caesar alludes to the abundance of jet in Britain, and jet ornaments are found with Roman relics in them. The monks used jet for rosary beads at Whitby Abbey, and at Whitney, where it was found in the greatest abundance. It occurs in irregular masses in hard shale known as jet rock.

Often microscopic examination discloses coniferous wood in the composition of jet. It is probable that jet was developed when masses of wood drifted down a river, rotted or became water logged and sank out at sea, becoming gradually buried in a deposit of fine mud which hardened eventually into shale. Sometimes drops of bitumin are found in jet cavities, which seems to confirm the suspicion of its wood origin.—Detroit News

---

We are all excited by the love of praise, and it is the noblest spirits that feel it most.—Cicero.

If you fear to lose your dignity you have nothing worth losing.

A Feeling of Security

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything.

It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

The Louvre Not So Much.

He was evidently an ex-soldier and an art lover. The first you could tell by the American Legion button he wore, the second by the artistic touch in his manner and theme of speech.

Another youth was sitting near him on the steps of the city library. He may or may not have sought art as Emerson paints it for us.

"Didja see the Louvre when you were in Paris?" asked the youth who may or may not have cared for art.

"Yah," replied the ex-soldier. "And, say, don't believe this stuff you hear about it bein' a fine gallery. I went all through it, and it ain't nothin' but a big department store."

Is There Enough to Taste?

"How does your wife like having a kitchenette?"

"Fine! You should taste some of her omelettes."

Salt, Too.

First-class Scout—Most things go to the buyer, but some things don't.

Tenderfoot—What do you mean?

First-class Scout—Why coal goes to the cellar.—Boys' Life.

Sometimes the homeliest woman at church is the best looking.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Banner Lye

is easy to use

No other lye is packed so safely and conveniently, or is so economical—not a bit wasted.

No other lye or soap cleans and disinfects so easily and thoroughly as Banner Lye. It is not old-style lye. Odorless and colorless; the greatest cleaner and disinfectant the world has ever known. Use it for cleaning your kitchen, cellar, sinks, dairy, milk-pans and bottles, for softening water, and the labor of washing and cleaning will be cut in half **MAKES PURE SOAP** and saves money besides. A 10-cent can of Banner Lye, 5½ pounds of kitchen grease, ten minutes' easy work (no boiling or large kettles), and you have 10 pounds of best hard soap or 20 gallons of soft soap.

Banner Lye is sold by your grocer or druggists. Write to us for free booklet, "Uses of Banner Lye."

The Penn Chemical Works Philadelphia USA

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Bursal Enlargements, Thickened, Swollen Tissues, Curbs, Filled Tendons, Soreness from Bruises or Strains; stops Spavin Lameness, allays pain. Does not blister, remove the hair or lay up the horse. $2.50 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 1 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind—an antiseptic liniment for bruises, cuts, wounds, strains, painful, swollen veins or glands. It heals and soothes. $1.25 a bottle at druggists or postpaid. Will tell you more if you write. Made in U. S. A. by

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Thousands of Happy Housewives in Western Canada

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce the cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by **buying on easy terms**

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has **yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

F. A. HARRISON
210 N. Third St., Harrisburg, Pa.
Canadian Government Agent.

AGENTS sell BESTOVOL MADE to ORDER RAINCOATS. Commission in advance. Bestovol Mfg Co., 326 Church St., New York.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co. 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Those who have used POSTUM CEREAL

instead of coffee during the past year are sure to be ahead in purse and are quite apt to be ahead in health.

Fair price, uniformly pleasing flavor and general table satisfaction keep Postum in first place with many a family.

"There's a Reason"

Made by
Postum Cereal Company Inc.
Battle Creek, Mich.

Here and There.

Emanuel Noll visited in Williamsport on Friday.

Mrs. John I. Olewine is spending some time in Atlantic City.

W. S. Parker, genial proprietor of the Parker Flower Shop, visited in Sunbury this week.

Mrs. David Miller and three children, Helen, Sarah, and David, are visiting this week in Pittsburg.

William Lyon, of East Howard Street, had as guests over Sunday his brother and family from Mt. Carmel.

Mrs. J. C. Furst and children, Austin and Elwood, returned home Saturday after visiting in Williamsport.

Clarence Hamilton, of New York City, is visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Hamilton.

Mrs. Bridget Kane returned to her home in Altoona on Saturday after visiting for two weeks at the home of her niece, Miss Lizzie Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Ramsey and children, Jean and Dick, of Altoona, visited at the home of Mrs. Ramsey's father, John Dunlap, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Weagley left for Williamsport on Saturday afternoon where they will visit this week at the home of their son, Ira Weagley.

United States Secretary of Agriculture William B. Wilson, of Washington, D. C., visited with his friend, Col. J. L. Spangler, and family this week.

The Misses Weaver, of Howard Street, entertained over Sunday their brother Cyrus, and their niece and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Rowe, all of Harrisburg.

Chas. F. Cook departed on Friday to enjoy a vacation of a week or more at the home of his daughter and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Curry in Pittsburg.

George R. Meek and family left last Thursday for a motor trip down the Shenandoah valley into Virginia and Maryland, returning home Monday night.

Mrs. James Depley, of Pittsburg, returned to her home on Saturday after visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McCafferty, on East Lamb street.

A. G. Morris and daughter, Miss Lydia Morris, departed for Philadelphia on Monday afternoon. Miss Morris will also visit in New York city before returning home.

Mrs. Oscar Gray accompanied Miss Edith Smith, of Philipsburg, to Hazelton for the weekend, where they attended the funeral of Mrs. Gray's uncle, Edward Harrington.

The Emerald Hose company of Renovo is holding a carnival, September 8 to 11, the proceeds to go towards a fund for the purchase of a combination pumper and chemical truck.

James Saylor vacated the house in Bush Addition recently purchased by J. C. Jodon and on Labor Day moved to the A. E. Schad and brother single house on Fairview street.

Dr. and Mrs. William D. Horne, of Yonkers, N. Y., and their son, William D. Horne, Jr., of Cleveland, Ohio, were over Sunday guests at the home of Judge and Mrs. H. C. Quigley.

Mr. and Mrs. Jennie Kulp and son Robert, of Oil City, were weekend guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Haines, the ladies being sisters. Guests this week at the Haines home are G. W. Kulp and son Lewis.

St. John's Reformed church—Ambrose M. Schmidt, minister. Services next Sunday morning at 10.45 and evening at 7.30. Morning subject—"School Days." Sunday school at 9.30 A. M. and C. E. meeting at 6.45 P. M.

William S. Schmidt, the son of Rev. and Mrs. Ambrose M. Schmidt, spent the weekend and Labor Day with his parents. He returned to his work with the Westinghouse Electric Co. at Pittsburg Monday afternoon.

The road construction work on Bishop street was completed on Saturday afternoon and work on the new sewer line on Spring street is being pushed right along so that these thoroughfares will be opened for traffic in a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmond Hayes were arrivals in Bellefonte Saturday and remained over Labor Day with his mother. They were accompanied by John Hayes who came in from Pittsburg to enter school at Pennsylvania State College.

Mrs. T. K. Morris and son, Thomas King Morris, Jr., came to Bellefonte this week from their home in Pittsburg, Mrs. Morris to remain with her mother, Mrs. P. G. Meek, for a month and her son to enter the Pennsylvania State College.

Mrs. M. R. Sample and son, Edgar, of Philadelphia, were guests the past week of the former's sister, Mrs. G. F. Musser, and husband. Thomas Crosthwaite, of Philadelphia, a nephew of Mrs. Musser, also visited at the Musser home during the week.

Methodist Episcopal church. Bible school, 9.30. "Kingdom Building," a sermon that should be heard by every member of the church, at 10.45. Junior League, 2 p. m. Senior League 6.30. "The World, the Flesh and the Devil," at 7.30. Coleville—Bible school 2 p. m. Sermon by Rev. C. C. Shuey, 7.30. Alexander Scott, Minister.

Miss Rebecca Fleming visited friends in Williamsport this week.

Mrs. Lydia Houser and son Edward, of State College, were Bellefonte visitors on Saturday.

Wash Snyder, foreman at the silk mill, visited at his home in Shamokin over Labor Day.

Mrs. J. F. McManigal and son Billy, of Altoona, visited this week Mrs. M. M. Morris and family.

Mrs. Edward Gates and daughter Betty, of Philipsburg, are visiting relatives in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Gibe, of Pittsburg, are visiting at Mrs. Gibe's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Derstine.

Mr. and Mrs. William Doll, of this place were guests of relatives at Williamsport over Labor Day.

Mrs. George Brew returned to her home in Indiana on Saturday after visiting at the home of T. H. Hamilton.

W. H. Gephart returned to his home in New York on Monday morning after enjoying over Sunday here with his mother.

"Dick" Taylor, who is in the government service and located at Pittsburg, spent over Sunday at his home on Howard street.

Gray Purdue, who has been at Niagara Falls, N. Y., for the past six years, is enjoying a vacation in his home town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Mabus and daughter, of Milton, enjoyed a short visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs Blaine Mabus over Labor Day.

Mrs. William Tressler departed on Tuesday afternoon for Warriorsmark where she is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Burket.

William Miller, wife and son, returned to their home in Canton, Ohio, on Monday morning after visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Miller, Sr.

Howard Wetzel was an arrival home on Wednesday from Algonquin, West Virginia, where he had been spending the summer with his sister, Mrs. Thomas Farrow.

Mrs. Charles Moerschbacher, who was badly injured recently when she fell down a flight of cellar steps at the restaurant, is able to be around this week for the first.

Judge Henry C. Quigley is presiding specially in the Cambria County Court, at Ebensburg, this week, after which he will serve for two weeks in the Allegheny County Courts, at Pittsburg.

Guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ott this week included Mr. and Mrs. Robert Breon, son Ralph, and daughter Ruth, of Horsheads, N. Y.; and Mrs. Ripka and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ott, of Williamsport.

Benny Claster, formerly with the Eastern Refractories company at Bellesonte and lately associated with his father in the wholesale fruit and produce business in Lock Haven, was a Bellefonte visitor on Tuesday.

All members of the Logan Fire Co. who are interested in attending the Field Day celebration at Lewistown are requested to attend the meeting on Tuesday evening Sept. 21, at 8 o'clock.

Miss Emma Young, who is employed in the Metropolitan Life Insurance company's office in Williamsport, visited over Sunday and Labor Day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harrison.

Mrs. Burkhart and two sons, Warren and George, of Philadelphia, returned to their home on Saturday after a pleasant visit with her sister, and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Weik. They were accompanied part of the journey by Miss Gerhart, returning to her home in Reading.

Claude Johnson and wife left Tuesday afternoon for Philadelphia where they witnessed the big league game on Wednesday and then departed for a short visit in Washington, D. C. From Washington they will go to Charleston, South Carolina, where Mr. Johnson has secured a good position.

Walter McCullough, superintendent of the State Highway Department in this county has resigned and will be employed as a salesman by the Beatty Motor company after September 15th. His successor has not been definitely decided on but it is rumored W. E. Hurley will be the man.

Felix Lee, wife and daughter Naomi, of Sayre, passed through here Wednesday en route to the Granger picnic. After attending the picnic they will go to Detroit, Mich., and also expect to visit other points. Mr. Lee was a former Bellefonte lad and worked in Spigelmyer's store some thirty years ago.

Ellwood G. Meeker, District Manager of the Bell Telephone company at Altoona and well known to a number of our readers here, received a merited promotion on September 1st to executive assistant to the vice-president with headquarters in Harrisburg. He is now enjoying his vacation and will not resume his new duties until September 15.

Elizabeth Elberta Haines is the name of a bright little girl that was born to Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Haines, of Lamb street, on Tuesday evening of last week. This is their first born and is such a dear little babe—hence the broad smile that brightens the face of the delighted father, the efficient manager of the Local Western Union telegraph office.

Henry Benner and sister, of Pittsburg, are visiting relatives and friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Moeaschbacher have returned home after a week's vacation in Hazelton.

Mrs. Walter Eberhart, of Akron, Ohio, is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Poorman.

Misses S. J. Morgan and Mary Hepburn visited in Jersey Shore over Sunday and Labor day.

Mrs. Oscar Wetzel and daughter Miss Ethel Wetzel were Lock Haven visitors on Sunday and Monday.

Miss Eleanore McSuley, of Philadelphia, is visiting Miss Helen Love and other Bellefonte friends.

Mrs. John Herman, of Philadelphia, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Weaver, on Bishop Street.

David J. Kelly, who is now located at York, was an arrival Saturday to visit with old friends for a few days.

W. W. Henry combined business with pleasure in a trip to his former home city, Altoona, during the weekend.

Mrs. Rebecca Cruse and Mrs. Louise Dayton, of Williamsport returned here to the former's home on Saturday.

Daniel Geiss, of Philadelphia, was an arrival Wednesday and will visit at the home of his son, D. Wagner Geiss.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Haupt, of Renovo, spent Sunday and Labor Day with relatives and friends in this section.

Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Stevens and child departed on Saturday for Huntingdon and McConnellsburg, visiting over Labor Day.

Miss Elizabeth Brandt, of Harrisburg, is the guest of Miss Jane Eckok at the Hastings residence on North Allegheny street.

Mr. and Mrs. William Dukeman and family, of Altoona, visited in this section the past week with relatives and friends.

Frederick Hunter and Professor S. S. Williams, teachers at Blanchard, were genial callers at the Republican office last week.

John Love, Jr. who has been enjoying his summer vacation in Bellefonte, returned to Philadelphia on Friday to resume his law studies.

Rev. M. DeP. Maynard has returned after enjoying his summer vacation, a portion of which time he visited in Williamsport at his old home.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Dawson, daughter and son, of Philadelphia, returned to their home Wednesday after spending ten days with the former's mother, Mrs. Harvey Griffith.

Joseph Nolan returned to Pitcairn on Saturday after spending a week at his home in Bellefonte. Joe is making an effort to be transferred to Altoona which will bring him closer home.

Prof. H. C. Rothrock, principal of the Port Matilda schools, was among the visitors in town last week for Teachers Institute. Prof. Rothrock is an instructor of conceded ability and ranks high in educational circles in the county.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Livingston, and little son, of Jersey Shore, visited last Thursday and Friday at the home of Mrs. Livingston's father, Thomas Rishel, en route to their home after a week's vacation with friends in Centre county.

Scott Holter, of Blanchard, was a business visitor in Bellefonte last Thursday, bringing with him the registration of women in his home precinct. Scott predicted that quite a large number of women in that section of the county would likely vote on November 2nd.

Mac Love, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Love, had both feet injured last Thursday when he was caught by the elevator while at work at the plant of the Pennsylvania Match company. The injuries are not of a serious nature, however, and he was able to be around again this week by making use of a cane.

G. Fred Musser, active and genial manager of the G. F. Musser Wholesale Grocery Co., was able to be around for the first in nine weeks during the weekend. He is still very thin but improving rapidly each day. It the nine weeks he lost 38 pounds and for a time was in a critical condition. It will still be some weeks before he will be able to look after business.

Mr. Frank Galbraith a well known watch maker of Bellefonte has an Othello Range in his home which has been in continuous use for 29 years and Mr. Galbraith says that he believes it is good for 20 years more. He also says that with the exceptions of a few new fire brick he has not spent $2.00 for repairs during those 29 years. This is only one reason why we can gusrantee and recommend Othello and Sunshine Ranges.—Bellefonte Hardware Co.

Mark Stango, one of the foreigners who had both eyes so seriously injured it was feared he would lose his sight entirely when he and Joe Lapan were caught by an explosion of dynamite caps while at work in a quarry of the American Lime and Stone company recently, left for Philadelphia on Saturday morning to receive treatment for his eyes. It is pleasing to note he will not lose his sight entirely as he can see a little now though his vision is badly blurred. Joe Lapan is still out the use of one eye though it is not certain that he will lose it entirely.

Additional locals on page 5

ACADEMY OPENING

Popular Bellefonte School to Begin Fall Term Wednesday, Sept. 15.

The Bellefonte Academy will open on Wednesday, September 15th, at 9 A. M. The school will be crowded to its utmost capacity. The faculty will be as follows:

James R. Hughes, A. M. Headmaster, Princeton University—Latin, Greek and Oratory.

George F. Reiter, Ph. B., Sc. M., Asst. Headmaster, Bucknell University—Physics and Chemistry.

Helen E. C. Overton, formerly of Minneapolis City Schools—English Grammer, American History and Civics.

Isabella S. Hill, Ph. B., Wesleyan Univ. and Columbia University—English, Rhetoric and Literature.

David L. Harstine, Ph. B., Lafayette College—Higher Mathematics.

Jacob C. Hess, A. M., F. & M. College, Columbia University, and Penn State,—French and Spanish.

James W. Lowry, Sc. B., Bucknell University—Biology, Phys. Geog. and Mathematics.

Thomas B. Getty, A. B., Princeton University—Ancient History, English History and Latin.

M. Clifford Marburger, A. B., F. & M. College—German and Mathematics.

Rev. William K. McKinney, Ph. D., Queens College, Belfast; University of Ireland; Princeton University—Bible History.

Jean McLain Hess—Piano and Harmony.

Charles S. Hughes, A. B., Bus. Mgr., Princeton University—Mathematics.

Academy Foot Ball Schedule.

The Bellefonte Academy Foot Ball schedule as compleed to date is as follows:

Sept. 25—Altoona H. S. at home
Oct. 2—Wyoming "Sem" at home
Oct. 9—Bucknell Reserves at home
Oct. 16—Carnegie "Tech" Reserves at home
Oct. 23—Open for game at home
Oct. 30—State "Tech" away
Nov. 6—Mansfield Normal away
Nov. 13—Johnstown High away
Nov. 20—Dickinson "Sem" away
Nov. 25—Open for a game at home.

—But We've Had Everything We Needed

WHILE I was in the hospital after the operation I got $50 a week. I'll get $25 a week during the time I'm not able to work, and $12.50 a week thereafter so long as I lose half my business time. I'll get indemnity for a year if I'm laid up that long.

What I got the first week paid the premium on my ÆTNA COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH POLICY for a year, and the insurance began the day my policy was issued. No red tape, no delay, no danger—nothing but solid satisfaction and a safe feel when you

ÆTNA-IZE

Wife's peeping over my shoulder. "Tell him for me," she says, "this ÆTNA income lightens a wife's burdens a heap."

John F. Gray & Son
Bellefonte - Pa.

For Sale

8 room house with bath. West Linn Street, Bellefonte. Price $2000.

22 acre farm, in good state of cultivation; good orchard; 6 room house; new barn. 2 miles East of Bellefonte. Price $2200.

127 acre farm, 115 acres clear; balance in young timber; 5 room house; bank barn and outbuildings; plenty of fruit. 4 miles west of Benore.

130 acre farm; 80 acres clear; balance in young timber; 8 room brick house; bank barn; good orchard; never failing spring at house; stream through farm. 3 miles East of Howard.

THE McVEY COMPANY
Real Estate Operators.

Bellefonte, Altoona, Harrisburg, Johnstown, Mt. Union, Bedford and Lewistown.

Steam and Hot Water Heating
Pipeless Hot Air Furnaces
Plumbing, Tinning and Spouting

A. E. SCHAD
Both Phones Bellefonte, Pa.

E. R. OWENS H. M. MURTORFF M. W. WILLIAMS

The price of coal is higher than for many years but the coal bill can be kept down to the lowest point by using a range that will give the best results with the least amount of fuel, the

Othello and Sunshine Ranges

are built in a reliable factory by practical men with many years of experience and have proved to be excellent bakers without any waste of fuel. The new ranges are better than ever before is another reason why we can guarantee and recommend the Othello and Sunshine Ranges.

Bellefonte Hardware Co.
Both Phones Cor. Allegheny & Bishop Sts.

Boys' clothes as good as Fathers'
Made by Hart Schaffner & Marx

There was a time when boys' clothes didn't cost much. So little money was involved that parents didn't worry much whether clothes lasted or not.

But now since everything costs more, boys' clothes represent a substantial investment. Parents have got to see that their boys get good clothes that wear if they are going to get their money's worth.

We have the best clothes for boys that were ever made. They are all-wool, expertly tailored, made by Hart Schaffner & Marx, and made as carefully as their clothes for men.

Such clothes are economy because they give such long service.

The new fall styles are here and the boys are going to like them; we'll show you any day.

Montgomery & Co.
Bellefonte . . . . . State College